# LAND USE ELEMENT

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# LAND USE ELEMENT

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#### LAND USE ELEMENT

Prepared by: CITY OF OCEANSIDE Planning Department

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## LAND USE ELEMENT

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#### CHAPTER ONE

#### COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT

#### Goal:

The consistent, significant, long term preservation and improvement of the environment, values, aesthetics, character and image of Oceanside as a safe, attractive, desirable and well-balanced community.

#### Policy:

A. The goals, objectives and policies of the City of Oceanside's General Plan shall direct the City in determining the location, type and timing of improvements within the City.

#### Implementation Programs:

- The City shall undertake the preparation of a "Community Appearance Ordinance" to assure a reasonable quality of cleanliness and maintenance on all property within the City.
- 2. A City-wide "Streetscape Master Plan" shall be prepared to provide specific direction for the beautification of all major streets as identified on the "Master Street Plan" and various local streets.

# ARTICLE 1.0 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE LAND USE ELEMENT

#### SECTION 1.01. GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY

#### Objective:

To ensure all projects are consistent with the General Plan.

#### Policy:

A. Tentative Maps, Development Plans, and Conditional Use Permits approved prior to the adoption of this Element and exercised thereafter without modification, revision, amendment, or extension shall be considered consistent with this Element.

### SECTOPM 1.02. GENERAL PLAN REVISION

#### Objective:

To assure a proper and annual review of the Oceanside General Plan.

#### Policy:

A. The Planning Department shall, before the end of each fiscal year prepare a "General Plan Annual Report" summarizing the City's performance in meeting the goals and objectives within the General Plan, and suggest possible refinements of the General Plan.

#### Implementation Programs:

- 1. The City shall initiate as necessary, through Council Resolution, proposed revisions to the General Plan. A General Plan Amendment process shall be established to accomplish a systematic review.
- 2. The City shall revise the "Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance" to bring that document into conformance with the City's General Plan Land Use Element.

# ARTICLE 1.1 COMMUNITY VALUES

#### Objective:

To ensure the enhancement of long term community and neighborhood values through effective land use planning.

- A. Land uses shall be attractively planned and benefit the community.
- B. Land uses shall not significantly distract from nor negatively impact surrounding conforming land uses.
- C. The City shall analyze the long term effects of all proposed development to assure both the present and future social, economical and physical enhancement of the community.
- D. The City shall support and encourage the fulfillment of widespread neighborhood community values.

E. The development of storage tanks, distribution terminals, emission control systems, pumping stations, service yards, transportation facilities, pipelines or any other facilities supporting off-shore oil and gas drilling operations shall be prohibited.

#### Implementation Program:

 The City shall survey or gather a consensus of neighborhood and community values annually. That survey shall be included within the City's "General Plan Annual Report".

#### SECTION 1.11. BALANCED LAND USE

#### Objective:

To develop and use lands for the long term provision of a balanced, self-sufficient and efficient community

#### Policies:

- A. The City shall establish and enforce a balanced distribution of land uses to organize the City in a hierarchy of activity centers and land use so as to foster a sense of neighborhood, community and regional identity.
- B. The City shall analyze proposed land uses for assurance that the land use will contribute to the proper balance of land uses within the community or provide a significant benefit to the community.
- C. The City shall continuously monitor the impact and intensity of land use and land use distribution to ensure that the City's circulation system is not overburdened beyond design capacity.

#### Implementation Program:

1. The City shall determine the amount, acreage and type of existing and potential land uses annually. This information shall be presented within the "General Plan Annual Report" and shall assist the City in defining and determining the proper balance of land use.

#### SECTION 1.12. LAND USE COMPATIBILITY

#### Objective:

To minimize conflicts with adjacent or related land uses.

#### Policies:

- A. Adequate setbacks, buffering and/or innovative site design shall be required for land uses that are contiguous to and incompatible with existing land uses.
- B. The use of land shall not create negative visual impacts to surrounding land uses.
- C. The use of land shall not subject people to potential sources of objectionable noise, light, odors and other emissions nor to exposure of toxic, radioactive or other dangerous materials.

#### Implementation Program:

1. A land use/zoning compatibility matrix shall be developed to define levels of zoning compatibility with land use designations.

SECTION 1.121. LAND USE COMPATIBILITY WITH ADJACENT JURIS-DICTIONS OR RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES

#### Objective:

To assure appropriate land use compatibility is maintained between Oceanside and adjacent jurisdictions or responsible agencies.

- A. Oceanside shall formally notice adjacent jurisdictions of proposed land uses or developments that may affect an adjacent jurisdiction.
- B. Oceanside shall formally notice responsible agencies of proposed land uses or developments that may affect an agency's program or responsibilities.
- C. To provide for proper land development or land use compatibility the City shall, wherever possible, take appropriate action on proposed land uses or development to address the concerns of adjacent jurisdictions or responsible agencies.



D. The City shall formally reply to an adjacent jurisdiction's notice of proposed land development or land use to assure responsible and appropriate land use and infrastructure compatibility is maintained.

#### SECTION 1.13. NEIGHBORHOOD CHARACTER

#### Objective:

To promote and reinforce the unique and positive attributes of individual neighborhoods of Oceanside while strengthening Citywide goals, involvement and identity.

- A. The area between Ivy Road and Vista Way and between Jefferson Street and El Camino Real, shall address the specific development standards and requirements for subdivision and development of land to create single family residential developments fronting and taking access on Ivy Road and professional and office developments fronting and taking coordinated access on Vista Way.
- B. The area which includes the Fire Mountain single family residential district shall ensure that the rustic and rural nature of the district is preserved and enhanced. A key to this objective is providing for:
  - minimum lot sizes of 10,000 square feet or greater.
  - 2) view preservation, and
  - 3) extensive landscaping.
- C. The area surrounding Mesa Drive east of El Camino Real shall ensure and define a buffer between the existing residential area on the north side of Mesa Drive and the industrial area to the south.
- D. An open space buffer of appropriate width shall be required to separate residential developments from industrial developments on the south side of Oceanside Boulevard.
- E. All existing property and future subdivided lots taking access on Stallion Drive shall be determined to be located within the Estate A (.5-.9 du/ac) Residential Land Use Designation.



- F. The property containing approximately fifty and one half (50.5) acres located directly west of the intersection of El Camino Real and Vista Oceana shall be developed in a manner which minimizes adverse impacts to the surrounding residential areas. To this end, the following restrictions shall be applied to future subdivisions and/or developments of the property:
  - 1) Dwelling unit types shall be limited to single family detached homes, either Single Unit Conventional or Single Unit-Variable as defined in Section 2.34 of this Element.
  - 2) The maximum number of dwelling units shall not exceed one hundred seventy (170) units.
  - 3) Large open space areas shall be maintained along the perimeter of the property.
- G. The area bounded by Horne Street, Weitzel Street, Center Avenue, Michigan Street, Freeman Street and Missouri Street (otherwise referred to as the 300 block of Townsite Central) shall be limited to maximum allowable units on the typical 5,000 square foot lot to three (3) units. Also, developments shall be limited to a triplex design in nature to ensure compatibility with the surrounding neighborhood.
- \*H. For lands within the Loma Alta, Fire Mountain and South Oceanside Neighborhood Planning Areas which are designated Estate B (1 3.5 dwelling unit/acre) and with the corresponding zoning of RE-B, a minimum lot size of 10,000 square feet as defined in the Zoning Ordinance shall be considered consistent with the underlying Land Use designation of Estate B Residential.

## Implementation Programs:

- 1. Coordinated monuments and/or entrance landscaping shall be developed at major entrance points to each neighborhood area, wherever possible.
- 2. The City shall prepare and adopt "Community Plans" to provide neighborhood implementation of City-wide policies.

The proposed Community Plan Areas are depicted on Diagram 1.13 1 of 2.

Conceptual Neighborhood Areas within the Community Plan Areas are depicted on Diagram 1.13 2 of 2.

\*Addendum to Land Use Element Text, GPA-11-88 City Council Resolution No. 88-273 (12/7/88)



## SECTION 1.14. NOISE CONTROL

#### Objective:

To improve the quality of Oceanside's environment by minimizing the negative effects of excessive noise levels.

#### Policies:

- A. Noise emissions shall not reach levels which pose a danger to the public health.
- B. Noise emissions shall be controlled at the source where possible.
- C. Noise emissions shall be intercepted by barriers or dissipated by space where the source cannot be controlled.
- D. Noise emissions shall be reduced from structures by the use of sound-proofing where other controls fail or are impractical.
- E. Acceptable noise levels shall be demonstrated by the applicant in the review and approval of any projects or public or private activities which require a permit or other approval from the City.
- F. Greater than normal open space separation may be required between residential developments and secondary arterials or higher rated roadways, railroad right-of-way and other noise or nuisance-producing land uses. This may be accomplished by either vertical and/or horizontal open space separation. The separation should be enhanced by decorative walling and extensive landscaping.
- G. Any proposed changes to the Land Use and Circulation Elements of the General Plan shall require review and consideration of the potential impacts on noise levels.

#### Implementation Program:

1. The City shall update the Noise Element, undertake an implementation program to establish acceptable levels of noise for land use types and create a noise ordinance for effective enforcement.

#### SECTION 1.15. PUBLIC SAFETY

#### Objective:

To ensure an acceptable level of public safety for the prevention and reduction of loss of life and personal property of the citizens and visitors of Oceanside.

#### Policies:

- A. The City shall continually evaluate the acceptable level of risk to the public health, safety and general welfare, and adjust policies accordingly.
- B. The City shall provide available information, and encourage education of seismic, geologic, fire, flooding, and other hazards.

#### SECTION 1.151. RISK SENSITIVITY OF LAND USE

#### Policy:

A. The City shall consider the type of land use in determining acceptable levels of risk from seismic and geologic hazards. The Public Safety Element shall serve as a guide for this determination.

#### SECTION 1.152. SEISMIC AND GEOLOGIC HAZARDS

- A. The City shall consider seismic and geologic hazards when making land use decisions, particularly in regards to risk sensitive land uses as defined in the Public Safety Element.
- B. High risk land uses, as defined in the Public Safety Element should be prohibited from areas of high seismic or geologic hazard.
- C. The City shall regulate land uses within areas highly susceptible to seismic and geologic hazards.
- D. The City shall require expanded soils and geologic testing and necessary engineering precautions when deemed necessary to reduce risks to acceptable levels. Wave action, erosion, and geotechnical reports shall be required as determined necessary.



#### SECTION 1.153. FIRE HAZARDS

#### Policies:

- A. The City shall maintain the necessary equipment, personnel and water supply levels to provide a class 4 or better insurance rating to the entire City.
- B. Places of public assembly shall be designed with adequate, well-marked emergency exits, and have public address systems which would not be rendered inoperable because of fire.

#### SECTION 1.154. LANDFILL SAFETY

#### Policy:

A. Any proposed structure adjacent to or surrounding a previous landfill site must be investigated by the applicant to determine whether protection from landfill gas or geotechnical instability is needed.

#### Implementation Program:

1. The City shall revise the Public Safety Element of the General Plan to provide detailed policy and implementation programs for the preservation of the public's safety. The City shall utilize existing environmental impact and soils reports in revising the Public Safety Element.

#### SECTION 1.16. HOUSING

#### Objective:

To ensure that decent, safe and sanitary housing is available to all current and future residents of the community at a cost which is within the reach of the diverse economic segments of Oceanside.

#### Policies:

A. The City shall strive to maintain a reasonable balance between rental and ownership housing opportunities, between senior and family housing, and encourage a variety of individual choices of tenure, type and location of housing throughout Oceanside.



- B. The City shall strive to produce opportunities for decent and affordable housing in a pleasant environment for all of Oceanside's citizens.
- C. The City shall ensure that housing is developed in areas with adequate access to employment opportunities, community facilities and public services.
- D. The City shall encourage development of a variety of housing opportunities, with special emphasis on providing:
  - A broad range of housing types, with varied levels of amenities and number of bedrooms;
  - 2) Sufficient rental stock for all segments of the community, including families with children; and
  - 3) Housing which meets the special needs of the elderly and the handicapped
- E. The City shall protect, encourage and where feasible, provide housing opportunities for persons of low and moderate income.

#### Implementation Program:

1. The City of Oceanside 1986 Housing Element contains more specific policy statements and programs for the implementation of these overall policies.

#### SECTION 1.17. PUBLIC FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

#### Objective:

To provide a consistent and high level quality of public services and facilities to the residents of the City.

#### Policies:

A. Residential, commercial and industrial development throughout the City shall be coordinated to ensure that adequate public services and facilities are provided to serve future development.



- B. Land uses and development review applications that are inconsistent with the capability of any public service agencies to provide cost-effective services shall not be approved.
- C. Major extensions of services or utilities to facilitate land use change shall not be approved without a thorough review of all social, economic, and environmental factors and appropriate mitigation measures implemented, if necessary.
- D. Compact and in-fill development should be encouraged to concentrate expenditures for public services.

1. The City shall prepare and adopt a new Community Facilities Element of the General Plan during fiscal year 1986-87 to ensure that a consistent service level is maintained and continued and that financing mechanisms are analyzed and developed to accomplish these objectives.

#### SECTION 1.18. FISCAL IMPACT ANALYSIS SYSTEM

## Objective:

To assure that new development and land use "pays for itself", and that the fiscal aspects of new development and land use is examined.

- A. The City shall examine the fiscal impacts of proposed land uses and land developments.
- B. The central feature of this system is a set of fiscal impact factors derived from average cost and revenue relationships expressed in the adopted City budget. Its focus is upon identifying ongoing operations and maintenance costs and recurring revenues that can be reasonably associated with residential, commercial and industrial growth in the City. It is realized that this system is a "less-than-perfect" reflection of the true relationship of costs and revenues but it serves as the best set of indicators available.



1. The Interim Growth Management Element of the General Plan contains more specific policy statements and requirements for the examination of fiscal impacts of development. This document should be consulted for further direction. Additionally, it should be reviewed periodically and amended or updated as necessary.

# ARTICLE 1.2 SITE DESIGN

# Objective:

To provide high-quality site design, all proposed land development projects shall take advantage of natural or manmade environments to maximize energy conservation, natural air circulation, public safety, visual aesthetics, private and common open spaces, privacy, and land use compatibility.

- A. The placement of all proposed structural components, landscaping, accessways, etc. shall be oriented on the site in such a manner to maximize:
  - Interior building absorption and retention of solar energy during appropriate seasons and times of day; and the access to sunlight for potential solar energy collection; and
  - 2) The even circulation of natural breezes between and through all buildings; and
  - 3) The quality of view and vistas from the site to the surrounding environment; and
  - 4) The quality of views and vistas of the site from surrounding land uses; and
  - 5) The public safety by eliminating designs that may harbor or hide detrimental activities.
- B. A combination of deep landscaped setback areas, berms and decorative sound attenuation walls shall be required where developments abut major or intense transportation corridors.

- C. New development or land uses shall provide coordinated site design wherever possible with existing or proposed adjacent land uses to provide complimentary site design, unified circulation access, and joint use of ancillary facilities.
- D. Street hardware including but not limited to:
  - -mailboxes or multiple box units (MBU's)
  - -bus shelters, bike racks, benches, etc.
  - -fire hydrants
  - -utility poles and boxes
  - -street lighting
  - -parking meters
  - -road signage
  - -and other ancillary facilities

shall not detract, but shall enhance, the streetscape and adjoining land uses and community.

- E. The City shall encourage the use of multiple mailbox units in attractive landscaped settings.
- F. The City shall encourage plans that maximize convenient, safe, and efficient design features for future residents of the project.
- G. All developments shall design parking areas to maximize efficiency, safety, convenience and open space.

#### Implementation Programs:

- 1. The City shall provide coordination of City site design standards.
- 2. The City shall prepare illustrated site design guidelines.

#### SECTION. 1.21 COMMON OPEN SPACE

# Objective:

To provide and maintain common open areas for a wide range of uses.

# Policies:

- A. Common open space must be accessible and usable by potential users of the common open space.
- B. Common open spaces within a project site shall be contiguous, unless it is found that segregation of the area and type of open space uses better serve the purposes of the General Plan and the project site.
- C. Where feasible, common open space shall be integrated with adjacent common or public open spaces, trails or bicycle transit systems to promote an open space or trails network throughout the City.

#### SECTION 1.22. LANDSCAPING

# Objective:

The enhancement of community and neighborhood identity through landscaping requirements that frame and soften the built environment consistent with water and energy conservation.

- A. Existing mature trees shall be retained wherever possible.
- B. Mature trees removed for development shall be mitigated by replacement with an appropriate type, size and number of trees.
- C. Drought-tolerant materials, including native California plant species, shall be encouraged as a landscape type.
- D. The City shall preserve, enhance and perpetuate the positive historic landscapes of Oceanside as identified in the City's "Comprehensive Historic and Architectural Resources Survey".



- E. The City shall encourage the inclusion of green belts and common open space for pedestrian use in residential developments.
- F. A buffer of landscaping shall be required between the built environment and lands left in a natural or open state. The landscape buffer shall be of sufficient size and shall use plant materials that will retard the spread of wild fire.

# SECTION 1.23. ARCHITECTURE

# Objective:

The architectural quality of all proposed projects shall enhance neighborhood and community values and City image.

#### Policies:

- A. Architectural form, treatments and materials shall serve to significantly improve on the visual image of the surrounding neighborhood.
- B. Structures shall work in harmony with landscaping and adjacent urban and/or topographic form to create an attractive line, dimension, scale and/or pattern.
- C. Elevations, floor plans, perspectives, lines-of-sight, material boards and other such displays and exhibits shall be provided as necessary to ensure compliance with General Plan policies.

#### SECTION 1.24. TOPOGRAPHIC RESOURCES

#### Objective:

To ensure that development preserves and enhances the unique beauty and character of the City's natural topographic features and does not contribute to slope instability, flooding or erosion hazards to life and property.

#### Policies:

A. Lands designated for industrial and commercial development may require significant alteration of the terrain to ensure their viability. Therefore, it is recognized that the ability of such projects to fulfill the policies contained below will be limited.



- B. Lands considered to possess significant natural topographical features shall be preserved and integrated into project designs. Such lands include natural slopes of twenty percent (20%) or more with a minimum elevation differential of fifty (50) feet; major canyons and/or water courses; significant rock outcroppings, trees and native vegetation.
- C. Grading permits shall not be issued until all appropriate discretionary actions by the City and other responsible agencies approving the development have been granted.
- D. The term "natural slope" shall also apply to any man-made or altered slope which, over a period of years, revegetation and/or erosion has made indistinguishable from the natural terrain.
- E. Structures shall be designed to adapt to hillside conditions.
- F. Excessive cut and fill grading to create standard prepared pads shall be prohibited.
- G. Where grading is required, flat planes and sharp angles of intersection with the natural terrain shall be avoided.
- H. Slopes shall be rounded and contoured to blend with the existing topography, unless on an individual site, this practice would diminish open space or significant natural features of the site.
- I. The structural quality of the soil and geologic conditions shall be incorporated into the site design and determine the method and type of construction. Slope stability shall be ensured during and after construction.
- J. The natural drainage system shall be maintained to the maximum extent feasible. Potential hazards of flooding, erosion and sedimentation shall be reduced by designing the site drainage system to accommodate the existing upstream storm runoff and to coordinate with existing downstream conditions.
- K. Vehicular access to intermittent and perennial streams shall be controlled through project design.



- L. Setbacks from stream banks shall be established in the project design to maintain the health and usefulness of the watercourse for the benefit of the public.
- M. The amount of impervious surfacing shall be limited and shall be designed to support the natural drainage system.
- N. Roadways shall be designed and located to avoid excessive cut and fill, surface disturbance and to respect the existing topography.
- O. Parking areas shall adapt to the topographic character of the site.
- P. Site disturbance shall be limited to the minimum area necessary as construction proceeds.
- Q. Groundcover shall be re-established as early as possible as construction proceeds.
- R. Topsoil from excavated areas shall be stockpiled for reuse on the site where appropriate.
- S. The clustering of residential units to preserve natural topographic features shall be encouraged provided:
  - 1) It has been clearly and distinctly demonstrated that the residential cluster provides the most appropriate design to ensure preservation of the topographic resources.
  - 2) The net density (excluding common open spaces) of each residential cluster does not exceed the maximum potential density permitted within the land use designation.
  - 3) The dwelling units of the residential cluster are consistent with the land use designation.
  - 4) The common open areas are well integrated within the boundaries of the residential cluster and provide equitable access to all residents.
  - 5) Residential clusters are confined to relatively small areas and separated by inter-linking open space areas to provide visual and spatial relief from continuous urban development.

# SECTION 1.25. UNDEVELOPABLE LANDS

# Objective:

To enhance the community welfare and increase public safety through:

- 1. preservation of significant natural resources, or
- 2. the provision of adequate building setbacks from natural hazards.

#### Objective:

To ensure that the proposed development on the developable area of a site is compatible with surrounding developments within the same land use designation.

#### Policies:

- A. Lands considered undevelopable shall be unbuildable and shall not be included in density calculations which define the development potential on a site. Undevelopable lands include slopes in excess of forty percent (40%) with a minimum elevation differential of twenty-five (25) feet and riparian corridors or associated vegetated areas of:
  - 1) rivers,
  - 2) intermittent or perennial streams, or
  - 3) lakes

As a minimum, riparian corridors shall include channelways and banks.

B. Since land use patterns and developments are long term features, lands on which significant natural hazards are likely to occur within the economic life of the proposed use shall be evaluated for their developability. The City may require studies, mitigation measures and/or hazard setbacks to fulfill this policy.

- C. The following criteria governs the applicability of Section 1.25, Undevelopable Lands:
  - 1) The method of determining the developable portion of a project site shall apply to all applications requiring discretionary action, including Specific Plans, Tentative Maps, Development Plans, Conditional Use Permits, Variances and Coastal Development Permits and to areas requesting a grading permit outside the discretionary process.
  - 2) All approved and legally valid Tentative and Final Maps, Tentative Parcel Maps, Development Plans, Conditional Use Permits and Variances, and existing recorded residential lots shall not be subject to the provisions of this policy.
  - 3) Specific Plans approved prior to the existence of this policy are not exempted. All previously approved discretionary projects which are eligible and under review for a time extension, revision or amendment are subject to the provisions of this policy.
  - 4) Modification of serious erosion gullies in excess of forty percent (40%) slope, which in the City Engineer's opinion must be altered in order to remedy unsafe and unstable conditions, shall be allowed. If as a result of this work the area of the erosion gullies is modified to slopes less than forty percent (40%), this area may be used in the calculation of the development potential of land at the discretion of the Planning Commission or City Council.
  - 5) For the purposes of determining riparian areas, all such areas including artificially created agricultural lakes, water retention basins and ponds shall be considered undevelopable for density calculation purposes. The City shall consult with all appropriate agencies through the environmental review process for assistance in the determination of riparian habitat areas.



- 6) As a basic information requirement for projects in hillside areas, an accurate and recent topographical map with minimum five (5) foot contour lines shall be submitted by the applicant at a scale of at least one inch equaling two hundred feet (1" = 200'). Such a map shall clearly depict areas between twenty percent (20%) and forty percent (40%) slope and areas with slopes over forty percent (40%). Any other information as required by the City's Hillside Ordinance shall also be submitted with a project's application.
- 7) Parcels of land which become virtually undevelopable as a result of applying these development potential policies may, at the discretion of the Planning Commission or City Council as applicable, be granted an exception to the strict adherence of these policies through one of the following methods:
  - (a) A limited transfer of development rights to an adjacent and/or a suitable area provided that it can be found that the "host" area can adequately absorb all of the impacts associated with that transfer and the overall high density range of the host area is not exceeded.
  - (b) An exception from, or a modification to the specific requirements of these policies may be granted upon a finding that (1) such exception or modification fulfills the overall objective, purpose, and intent of these policies, and (2) the exception or modification demonstrates a superior and more compatible relationship to pre-existing surrounding uses, as well as to land use categories.

The City shall undertake a program to map all riparian corridors and generalized areas in excess of forty percent (40%) slope and between twenty percent (20%) - forty percent (40%) slope.



# ARTICLE 1.3 SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREAS

# Objective:

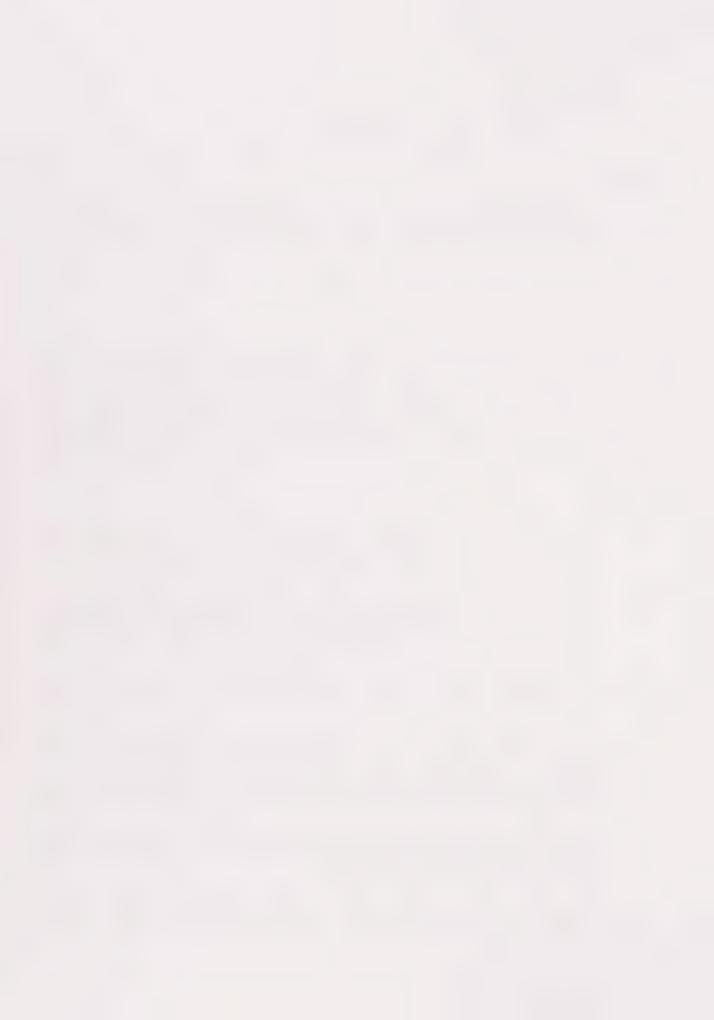
To provide special management of sensitive historical, cultural, recreational and environmental areas and areas with unique planning considerations within the City.

#### SECTION 1.31. AIRPORT INFLUENCE AREA

# Objective:

To maintain and enhance the current and future operations of the Oceanside Municipal Airport. Oceanside desires to pursue the airport's growth as a modern general aviation facility as defined by the Federal Aviation Agency (FAA) Guidelines with the potential for short haul service. Airport growth should occur in a manner which maximizes airport and general public safety by ensuring that surrounding land uses are compatible with airport operations.

- A. The City shall protect the airport for corporate and recreational aviation and shall not permit its use to support off-shore oil and gas drilling facilities.
- B. The airport overlay encompasses the entire airport influence area as defined by the Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) adopted by SANDAG in 1981 and depicted on the General Plan Land Use map (see diagram 1.31).
- C. The data, methodology, guidelines, policies and plan recommendations of the CLUP are fully a part of the airport overlay.
- D. The establishment of flight activity zones (or clear zones) at the end of runways, height limitations in approach departure corridors and the appropriate regulations of land use shall be guided by the findings and recommendations of the CLUP.
- E. The City shall encourage the development of land uses within the airport overlay which are compatible with general aviation operations.
- F. The City shall ensure that flight activity zones (clear zones) are maintained in association with the airport runway.



- G. Where existing or potential land uses are found to be incompatible with airport operations the City shall establish, where practical, an equitable "off-setting" benefits package for uses which should be modified or phased out completely.
- H. The City shall promote a positive image of the airport and the community as a whole through preparation of development standards which stress quality building and landscape design features.
- I. The City shall ensure compliance with California noise standards for both existing and planned future residential uses within the airport overlay. The following shall be adhered to:
  - Compliance with operative City codes and California noise standards if remodeling, conversions or additions are made which require a building permit.
  - 2) Proposed residential development should be designed and located in such a fashion that natural topography, screening techniques, building setbacks, floor plan arrangements, and other relevant factors have all been utilized to the greatest extent possible in order to minimize noise impacts.
  - 3) Proposed residential development shall not be approved unless appropriate aviation easements are granted as a condition of approval.
- J. In recognition of the fact that residential and other airport sensitive uses proposed outside of the airport overlay area may be impacted by airport operations, the City shall require the granting of appropriate aviation easements as a condition of approval for projects in the general area bounded on the north by Camp Pendleton, on the east by El Camino Real, on the south by Mission Avenue and on the west by the Oceanside Harbor.
- I. In recognition of several planned major public facility projects which are within the airport overlay and will provide benefits to the airport as well as the entire City, the City shall ensure that land use decisions and proposed regulations do not preclude or hinder the timely and cost effective completion of these vital public facility projects.



1. The City shall prepare an "Airport Master Plan" to provide detailed guidance for actions relating to the Oceanside Municipal Airport.

#### SECTION 1.32. COASTAL ZONE

#### Objective:

To provide for the conservation of the City's coastal resources and fulfill the requirements of the California Coastal Act of 1976.

# Policy:

A. The City shall utilize the certified Local Coastal Plan and supporting documentation for review of all proposed projects within the Coastal Zone (see diagram 1.32). Specifically, the goals and policies of the Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan shall be the guiding policy review document.

# SECTION 1.321. SAN LUIS REY RIVER SPECIFIC PLAN

#### Objective:

To provide a comprehensive land use plan for the coastal portion of the San Luis Rey River which will:

- A. Become an adjunct and refinement to the City's General Plan, intended to coordinate planning activities of the City, Redevelopment Agency, private landowners and various governmental agencies;
- B. Serve as a certifiable component of Oceanside's Local Coastal Program; and
- C. Provide management policies and development criteria to guide future actions in the coastal portion of the river area.

(See diagram 1.321)

SECTION 1.3211. ACCESS AND RECREATION AND VISITOR SERVING FACILITIES

#### Policy:

The City shall maximize public access in the Coastal portion of the San Luis Rey River and environs consistent with natural resource values.

SECTION 1.3212. SENSITIVE HABITATS

#### Policy:

The City shall protect, maintain and enhance existing sensitive habitats.

SECTION 1.3213. WATER QUALITY

# Policy:

The City shall maintain, enhance and where feasible, restore water resources.

SECTION 1.3214. NEW DEVELOPMENT, DESIGN CRITERIA AND PERFORM-ANCE CRITERIA

#### Policy:

New development shall be sited and planned in a manner which utilizes the locality of the San Luis Rey River to the fullest, but retains the aesthetic and resource values present.

SECTION 1.3215. HAZARDS

# Policy:

The City shall protect the public safety and welfare in areas of natural flood or geologic hazards.

SECTION 1.3216. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SAN LUIS REY RIVER SPECIFIC PLAN

# Policies:

- A. The City shall require all private developments in the San Luis Rey River Specific Plan study area to submit a Development Plan for City approval, unless a Conditional Use Permit is already required.
- B. The City shall develop a phasing and funding program. These programs would establish:
  - The priority and sequence of proposed acquisitions and public developments.
  - Proposed funding sources for public improvements (e.g., grant funds, other agency funds, developer contributions, or City funds).
  - 3) Cost estimates for specific improvements, to enable capital facilities budgeting.
- C. The City shall establish the development of a monitoring and maintenance program to periodically:
  - Review the condition of the San Luis Rey River and assure the correct implementation of the San Luis Rey River Specific Plan; and
  - Review Specific Plan adequacy in light of changing conditions and needs.

#### Implementation Program:

1. The San Luis Rey River Specific Plan contains more specific policy statements and programs for implementation of these policies.

# SECTION 1.322. HARBOR DISTRICT

- A. The adopted Oceanside Small Craft Harbor Precise Plan and Oceanside Harbor Design standards shall guide development and land use within the Harbor District (see diagram 1.322).
- B. The City shall not support the use of the Camp Del Mar Basin for facilities supporting off-shore oil and gas drilling operations.



# SECTION 1.33. HISTORIC AREAS AND SITES

# Policy:

A. The City shall utilize adopted criteria, such as the "Mission San Luis Rey Historic Area Development Program and Design Guidelines," to preserve and further enhance designated historic or cultural resources (see diagram 1.33).

SECTION 1.34. SPECIFIC PLAN FOR THE SAN LUIS REY RIVER FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

# Objective:

To implement, in a timely manner, the San Luis Rey River Specific Plan flood control project for the purpose of the protection of life and property from flood damage, preserving environmental quality and promoting the economic well-being of the community.

#### Policies:

- A. Prohibit new construction within the flood channel, ponding areas and mitigation areas shown on diagram 1.34, and limit construction in the flood overflow and development precluded areas to flood compatible uses.
- B. As part of the City's discretionary review process, require all new developments in and adjacent to the river channel to grant land in fee title and construct improvements in accordance with the Corps of Engineers' Flood Control Plan.
- C. Work closely with the Corps of Engineers during the advance engineering and design phase to minimize project costs wherever feasible and consistent with engineering design and environmental criteria.

#### Implementation Program:

 The Specific Plan for the San Luis Rey River Flood Control Project contains specific policy statements and programs for implementation of these overall policies.

#### SECTION 1.35. REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT AREA

# Objective:

To promote the long-term viability and rejuvenation of the redevelopment area consistent with the overall policies and improvement of the City.

# Policy:

A. The Downtown Redevelopment Project Area (see diagram 1.35) shall be implemented by the Redevelopment Plan. This plan shall be implemented by the Oceanside Community Development Commission, consistent with City policy and the General Plan.

# SECTION 1.36. SPECIFIC PLAN/RESIDENTIAL DENSITY TRANSFER

Specific plans serve as the land development guidance system for certain areas within the City.

Certain specific plans within the City contain areas of residential land use designations which do not fit within the City's residential density ranges.

In these specific plans, residential densities are transferred from one location to another within the boundaries of the specific plan.

The City has three specific plans with such residential density transfer mechanisms. They are:

#### 1.361 Rancho Del Oro -

1. Rancho Del Oro Specific Plan and Development Agreement: File number S-1-84, adopted by Resolution No. 85-238 (see diagram 1.361).

#### 1.362 Del Oro Hills

2. Del Oro Hills Specific Plan and Planned Residential Development Master Plan: File number S-2-84, adopted by Resolution 85-14 (see diagram 1.362).

#### 1.363 The Sterling Property

3. The Sterling Property Specific Plan: File number S-3-84, adopted by Resolution 86-03 (see diagram 1.363).



A careful examination of these adopted specific plans is necessary to clarify the exact amount and type of land uses planned for various areas within the specific plan boundary.

# Implementation Program:

1. The City shall annually update the General Plan to identify developments approved under Specific Plans with residential density transfer mechanisms.

SECTION 1.37. GUAJOME REGIONAL PARK SPHERE OF INFLUENCE

# Objective:

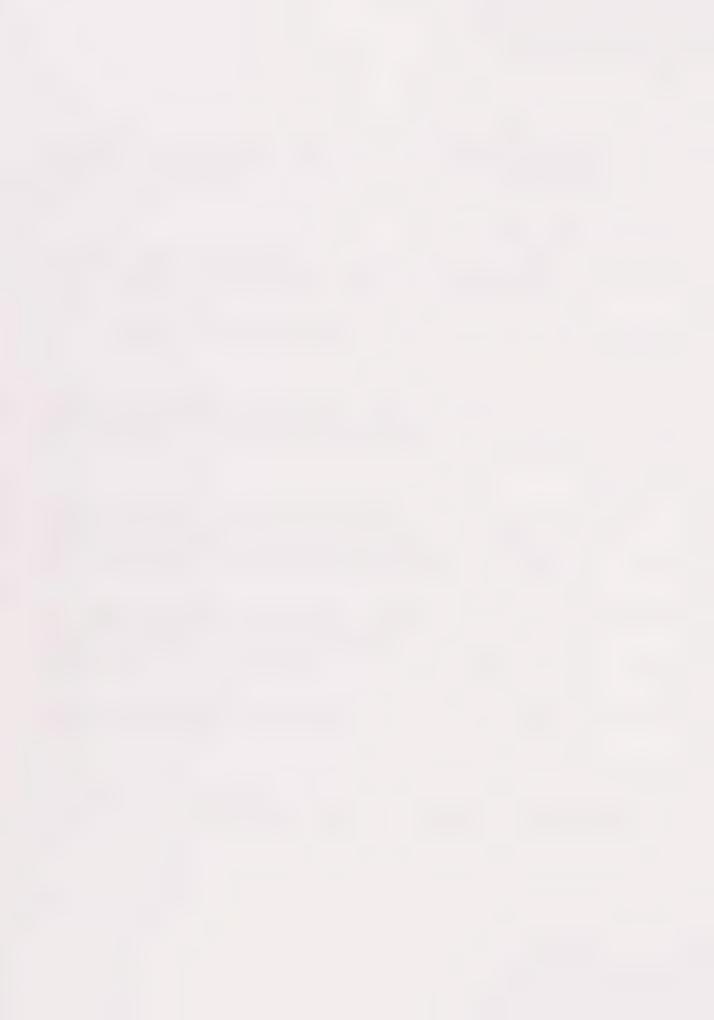
To protect the valuable natural and cultural resources of Guajome Regional Park by insuring that future development in areas adjacent to or visible from Guajome Regional Park will be compatible with its recreation and scenic areas.

#### Policies:

- A. The City shall recognize the sphere of influence boundary line established by the Cities of Oceanside and Vista, the Board of Supervisors of San Diego County and the Guajome Regional Park Area Planning and Coordinating Committee (see diagram 1.37).
- B. The City shall solicit the Guajome Regional Park Area Planning and Coordinating Committee for comments and recommendations on proposed projects within the Guajome Regional Park Sphere of Influence during the development review process.
- C. Proposed projects within the Guajome Regional Park Sphere of Influence shall be subject to the following objectives and policies:

# Objective:

To ensure that structures shall be visually compatible with the open space nature of Guajome Regional Park.



## Policies:

- D. Building exteriors shall have textured surfaces and extensive use of natural building materials for accents and treatments.
- E. The colors of exterior surfaces of structures shall be tones compatible with the surrounding landscape and not bright, glossy or otherwise visually out of character with the natural setting.
- F. Structures shall not be permitted on slopes abutting Guajome Regional Park.
- G. Deep landscaped setbacks shall be maintained on yards abutting Guajome Regional Park and those abutting right-of-ways which border the park.
- H. Structures shall be oriented to preserve views from Guajome Regional Park, the development and surrounding properties.

## Objective:

To ensure that property altered by development remains compatible with the environment of Guajome Regional Park.

- I. Cut slopes visible from Guajome Regional Park shall be revegetated with a mixture of drought-tolerant and native plant species.
- J. Properties abutting Guajome Regional Park shall provide a transition area between landscaped areas and natural vegetation.
- K. Vegetation clearance shall only be conducted immediately prior to grading and replanting shall commence immediately afterward.
- L. Developments shall integrate features such as landscaping, open areas and pathways with those of Guajome Regional Park while also establishing a clear demarcation between public and private property.



# CHAPTER TWO

## COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

#### Goal:

The continual long term enhancement of the community through the development and use of land which is appropriate and orderly with respect to type, location, timing, and intensity.

# ARTICLE 2.0 SUBDIVISION OF LAND OR REAL PROPERTY

# Objective:

To create legal divisions of land or real property that shall provide long-term enhancement for the community.

- A. No proposed division of land or real property shall be created which fails to implement the General Plan, city policies and ordinances, or development standards.
- B. Any City action creating a legal division of land or real property shall identify and consider adjacent and surrounding land uses and land divisions to assure compatibility and proper integration.
- C. A subdivision of land or real property must provide adequate on-site improvements consistent with the general plan, including street design, drainage and sanitary facilities, and easements.
- C. A subdivision of land or real property must include provisions for off-site improvements or the payment of fees for off-site improvements consistent with the General Plan, including temporary and permanent school facilities, road and bridge improvements, parks, and sewers.
- D. A subdivision of land or real property must be designed to accommodate, protect and preserve environmentally sensitive areas identified in the General Plan.



## SECTION 2.03. AGRICULTURAL SUBDIVISION

## Policy:

A. The City shall assure in all actions that the legal parcels or interests in agricultural lands are of sufficient size to viably conduct agricultural practices.

# ARTICLE 2.1 INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

## Objective:

To promote industries which are consistent with community enhancement and provide stable tax bases and a balance of employment opportunities.

- A. Industrially designated lands shall be devoted to industrial uses for the preservation of the City's economic future, employment opportunities, and general welfare.
- B. Industrial land uses shall be compatible with surrounding land uses and available community facilities.
- C. Ancillary commercial, office and recreational uses may be permitted when clearly oriented to support the industrial development and serve its population.
- D. Storage and warehousing facilities and services shall not be directly accessible to the general public.
- E. The City shall enhance positive long-term economic and employment opportunities through the proper allocation and protection of the following industrial designations:
  - 1) General Industrial
  - 2) Light Industrial
  - 3) Research Park

#### SECTION 2.11. GENERAL INDUSTRIAL

## Objective:

To provide industrial lands which can accommodate a wide range of industrial uses, including those of relatively high intensity, while minimizing negative impacts to surrounding land uses.

- A. Areas designated General Industrial shall generally contain a minimum of one hundred (100) acres. Smaller sites may be considered when located adjacent to other industrial areas. General Industrial areas shall have access to a major arterial or higher rated street and shall be physically and visually separated from adjacent non-industrial land uses, preferably by natural topographic features.
- B. General Industrial uses shall generally engage in manufacturing, assembly, packaging, processing and fabrication operations. Warehousing, storage and distribution facilities may also be permitted.
- C. General Industrial areas shall be designed primarily to provide sites for independent, single use developments, although industrial park and multi-tenant developments may also be permitted.
- D. Outside operations, equipment and storage areas may be permitted provided such areas are adequately screened from view.
- E. Each industrial use shall provide attenuating structures, devices and procedures to insure that noise, vibration, odors, glare, heat and other emissions do not interfere with neighboring industrial activities nor endanger the health, safety, peace or general welfare of persons residing or working in the surrounding area.
- F. Architectural design shall be oriented towards providing functional, efficient and visually appealing industrial structures. Primary structures shall be of concrete tilt-up or concrete block construction or the equivalent with exterior treatment and features such as aggregate finishes, accent bands and buttresses. Prefabricated, sheet metal and portable structures shall be limited for use as offices, storage and other accessory buildings.
- G. Landscaping shall be maintained in all setback, parking and other open areas to provide screening, buffering and to enhance the appearance of industrial structures.

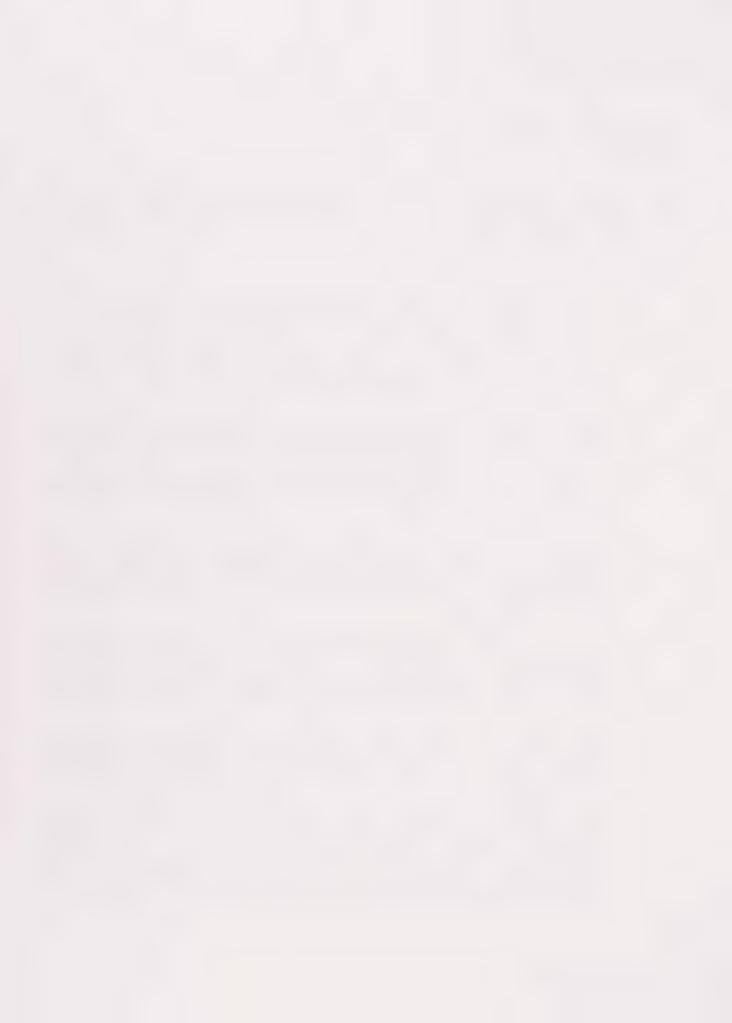


#### SECTION 2.12. LIGHT INDUSTRIAL

## Objective:

To provide and protect industrial lands which can accommodate a wide range of moderate to low intensity industrial uses capable of being located adjacent to residential areas with minimal buffering and attenuation measures.

- A. Areas designated Light Industrial shall generally contain a minimum of two hundred (200) acres. Smaller sites may be considered when located adjacent to land uses of similar intensity. Light Industrial areas shall have access to a secondary arterial or higher rated street either directly or through non-residential areas.
- B. Light Industrial uses shall be restricted to uses generally engaged in the manufacturing, assembly, packaging, fabrication and processing of components into finished products rather than the conversion of raw materials. Industrial activity shall be conducted primarily within structures and outside storage areas and assembly activities shall be limited.
- C. Light Industrial areas shall be primarily developed as industrial parks and commerce centers providing both single-use and multi-tenant structures. Independent development for single-use projects on larger sites may also be permitted.
- D. Light Industrial developments shall place its emphasis on presenting an efficient, clean and visually appealing industrial environment. Architectural, landscape, signage and development standards shall be coordinated to provide for unified site design.
- E. Each industrial use shall provide attenuating structures, devices and procedures to insure that noise, vibration, glare, odors, heat and other emissions are not perceptible outside its boundaries by the natural senses.
- F. All storage, assembly and parking areas and equipment shall be completely screened from view. Mechanical equipment, vents, stacks, apparatus, antennae and other appurtenant items shall be incorporated into the total design of structures in a visually attractive manner or shall be entirely enclosed and screened from view.



G. Deep, extensively landscaped areas shall be provided as a buffer where Light Industrial areas abut residentially designated areas. Whenever possible, unobnoxious uses or facilities such as parking, recreation and patio areas shall be located adjacent to the landscape buffer to further insulate the residential areas from the industrial activities.

# SECTION 2.13. RESEARCH PARK

## Objective:

To provide and protect industrial lands for the development of communities of high technology, research and development industries and related uses set in campus or park-like settings.

- A. Areas designated Research Park shall generally contain a minimum of one hundred (100) acres. Smaller sites may be considered when located within or adjacent to other industrial areas. Research Park areas shall have access to a major arterial or higher rated street either directly or through non-residential areas.
- B. Industrial uses within this designation shall be restricted to uses that generally engage in the manufacture of low-bulk, high value products, conduct research and development operations, maintain corporate offices or provide satellite facilities for colleges or universities.
- C. To encourage the establishment of industrial communities, developments shall provide ancillary uses and facilities to support the industrial operations and serve the needs of their populations. These include, but are not limited to commercial services, conference and convention facilities, daycare centers, recreation facilities and short term housing and lodging.
- D. Research Park developments shall establish lot area, setback and lot coverage standards to provide open, spacious industrial settings. Extensively landscaped areas shall be distributed throughout the development.



- E. Excellent architectural design shall be provided throughout each development. Structures shall be designed to provide low profiles and to integrate with surrounding features.
- F. Structures shall generally be constructed for single uses. Multi-tenant structures shall be limited.
- G. Outside equipment, storage and assembly areas shall be prohibited. Utility structures shall be incorporated into the overall site design to provide aesthetically pleasing forms. Examples of this include decorative pools for cooling systems, corporate art for signage, landscape berms for screening and placing communication equipment in ornamental towers or sculptures.

# ARTICLE 2.2 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT

# Objective:

To promote and preserve a balance of successful markets and services in aesthetic, people-oriented associations which are compatible and organized to surrounding land uses.

- A. The City shall preserve and enhance viable, positive commercial developments through the proper allocation of the following commercial land use designations:
  - 1) Community Commercial
  - 2) Neighborhood Commercial
  - 3) General Commercial
  - 4) Special Commercial
  - 5) Professional Commercial

## SECTION 2.21. COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL

#### Policies:

A. This designation shall provide the community with commercial centers containing a wide variety of commercial establishments. Major tenants shall provide larger, low volume, higher cost items, such as home furnishings, apparel, durable goods, and speciality items and generally have City-wide market areas. Support facilities such as entertainment establishments and restaurants shall be encouraged.



B. Development within this designation shall be on sites in excess of thirty (30) acres. Specialized commercial uses requiring less land area may be considered when of similar intensity, or offering comparative revenue and/or employment generating capacities. Location shall be limited to sites along major arterials or higher rated roads.

## SECTION 2.22. NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL

## Policies:

- A. Neighborhood Commercial shall provide commercial uses which meet the day to day commercial needs of the community. Commercial center development is implicit. Key tenants shall be limited to supermarkets, variety stores, drug stores, specialty stores, and similar businesses. Most retail shops, restaurants and services are permitted as minor tenants and "convenience" businesses may be allowed when well-integrated into the center's design.
- B. Since Neighborhood Commercial centers will meet the daily shopping needs of the community, they shall be located near residential areas along major arterials or secondary arterials; preferably at their intersections with collector streets. Consequently there shall be limits on their intensity to be compatible with nearby residential areas. Areas shall generally be between ten (10) and thirty (30) acres.

# SECTION 2.23. GENERAL COMMERCIAL

- A. General Commercial shall provide retail shops, restaurants and services which meet the "immediate" commercial needs of the community. High intensity, drive-up/drive-thru and convenience businesses shall be developed in commercial centers or clustered together in coordinated site or development plans to avoid the proliferation of driveway-cuts and to accommodate their high traffic generation characteristics.
- B. General Commercial shall be designated on small sites of between five (5) and ten (10) acres. General Commercial areas shall be located on streets designated as major arterials or higher or at the intersection of two secondary arterials.

## SECTION 2.24. SPECIAL COMMERCIAL

## Policies:

- A. Special Commercial shall designate commercial sites within and/or adjacent to areas with unique characteristics, such as scenic areas, historic areas, freeway offramps, the Coastal Zone, and other unique or special areas.
- B. Signage in Special Commercial developments shall be consistent with any special guidance systems established for the area.
- C. Uses and development standards shall be established through the following special policies and identified guidance systems to best utilize and/or protect the unique characteristics of the externality.

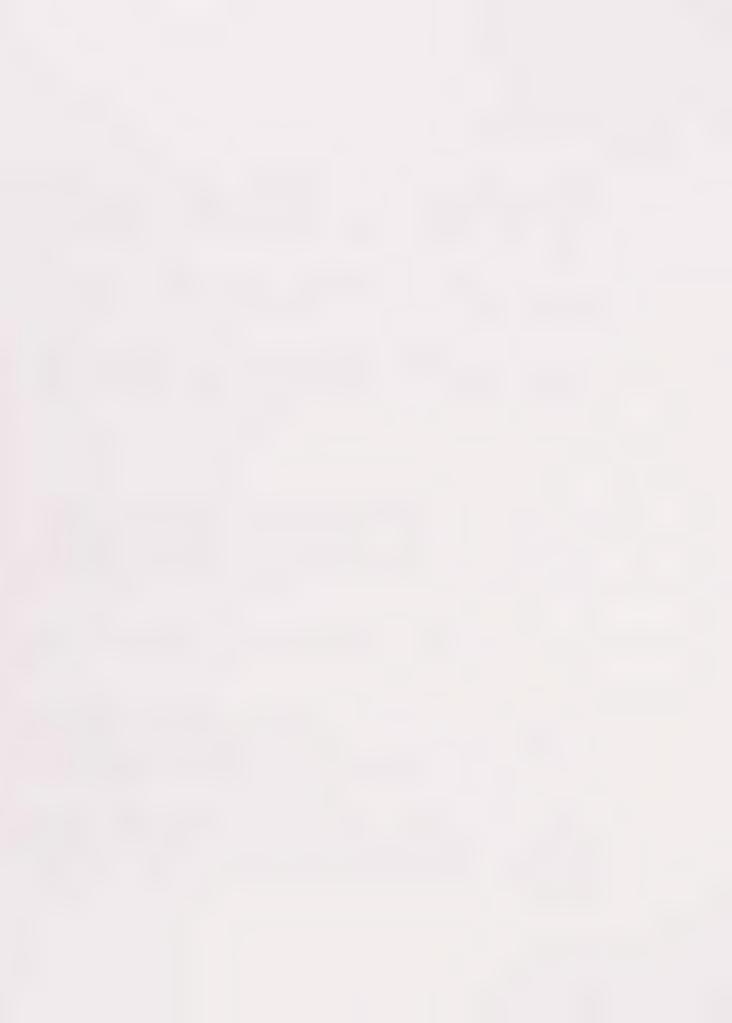
## SECTION 2.241. COASTAL ZONE

# Policy:

A. Development on property designated Special Commercial within the boundaries of the Coastal Zone or Local Coastal Program (LCP) Area shall provide coastal dependent, recreational and visitor serving uses and facilities as specified by the LCP and California Coastal Act of 1976 (See diagram 2.241).

# SECTION 2.242. INTERSTATE 5, STATE HIGHWAY 76, AND STATE HIGHWAY 78 CORRIDORS

- A. Commercial sites adjacent to freeway off-ramps and expressway intersections shall coordinate site development to provide joint use of entrance/ exit points, parking areas, freeway/expressway-oriented signage, rest areas and visitor serving facilities (see diagram 2.242).
- B. Given the proximity and visibility from major travel corridors, development shall place a major emphasis on providing visitor-serving uses and facilities. Larger sites may provide commercial development of community serving or higher level.



- C. Commercial sites west of Interstate 5 are recognized as entry points to the Coastal Zone and shall be encouraged to provide commercial uses, services and facilities compatible to and in support of coastal dependent uses.
- D. Commercial developments shall be encouraged to provide facilities which promote and support the use of public transportation systems.

## SECTION 2.243. SCENIC AND REREATION AREAS

## Policy:

A. Commercial developments adjacent to scenic and recreational areas shall provide site design visually compatible with the surrounding open space environment. Development shall feature uses and facilities oriented towards providing support to the recreational or scenic activities of the area (see diagram 2.243).

# SECTION 2.244. MISSION SAN LUIS REY HISTORIC AREA

#### Policies:

A. Commercial development within the Mission San Luis Rey Historic Area shall place a major emphasis on protection of views; provision of architecture, landscaping and streetscapes consistent with the "Mission San Luis Rey Historic Area Development Program and Design Guidelines"; and provision of visitor-serving uses and facilities (see diagram 2.244).

# Village Commercial Core

- B. Commercial properties along San Luis Rey Road and in the area of Douglas Drive and Peyri Drive shall be developed to create an intense pedestrian oriented village commercial area unified by architecture, pedestrian network and multi-use parking areas on the peripheries. Commercial uses within the village core shall be pedestrian oriented.
- C. The special commercial properties on the northwest corner of Douglas Drive and North El Camino Real shall be linked by design and architecture to the Village Commercial Core. However, uses are not limited to pedestrian oriented commercial, but are encouraged to serve the needs of the individuals traveling along the Douglas Drive Corridor.

## Mission Avenue Corridor

D. Commercial properties fronting on Mission Avenue between El Camino Real and Old Grove Road shall be encouraged to develop commercial centers serving surrounding residential areas as well as providing support to the recreation activities of the Mission Area.

# Mission Avenue/Old Grove Road

Commercial properties at the intersection of Mission E. Avenue and Old Grove Road shall be developed as a commercial center or group of commercial centers providing neighborhood and/or community-serving businesses and services. Specialty and visitor-serving commercial uses and professional office development shall also be encour-The design and placement of structures shall provide an inward focus emphasizing pedestrian activities. The development of strip centers, highway-oriented and other high intensity development including but not limited to drive-through restaurants, freestanding convenience markets, gas stations, car washes, auto parts or repair stores and other such similar uses shall not be permitted. Any project related application shall be required to file a Master Development Plan and shall also comply with the "Mission San Luis Rey Development Program and Design Guidelines" as adopted by the City Council.

# Ivey Ranch Commercial

F. Site design and commercial uses shall be coordinated and directed towards protection of nearby scenic and recreation areas.

# SECTION 2.245. COLLEGE/VANDEGRIFT

# Policy:

A. The design and location of buildings, landscaping, signage, parking areas, walls, fences, and other structures or features shall maximize protection to the adjacent single family development. High intensity, highway-oriented uses or uses which generally operate outside of normal business hours, including but not limited to drive-through restaurants, convenience markets, gas stations, car washes, auto parts or repair stores and other such uses which are out of character with the surrounding neighborhood shall be prohibited. Any project related application shall file a Master Development Plan (See diagram 2.245.).

## \*SECTION 2.246. EL CAMINO REAL/MISSION AVENUE

## Policies:

The following policies shall apply to the property located southwest of the intersection of Mission Avenue and El Camino Real:

- A. Principal vehicular access to the property shall be provided from Mission Avenue. El Camino Real access, if any, shall have approaches designed and constructed as necessary to provide safe sight distance and adequate acceleration for vehicles entering onto El Camino Real.
- B. Development of the property shall be designed to accommodate a mix of community- and neighborhood-serving commercial uses and recreational uses which shall be restricted as necessary to limit the overall traffic generation potential so that the El Camino Real/Mission and Fireside/Mission intersections shall operate a Level of Service (LOS) of C or better during off-peak hours, and at LOS D or better during peak hours.
- C. The design and location of buildings, landscaping, signage, parking areas, walls, fences and other structures shall maximize protection to the surrounding residential and institutional developments.
- D. Full geotechnical and hydrological investigations shall be required concurrently with all development applications on the property to identify the constraints, hazards, the nature and scope of work necessary for the development of the property and the potential off-site impacts.
- E. Dedication of right-of-way for State Route 76 shall be provided as necessary through future development application approvals.

\*Addendum to Land Use Element Text, GPA-12-87 City Council Resolution No. 88-133 (5/25/88)

\*SECTION 2.247. SOUTHWEST CORNER OF FRAZEE ROAD AND OLD GROVE ROAD

### Policies:

- Α. Commercial properties at the intersection of Old Grove Road and Frazee Road shall be developed as a commercial center. Low intensity specialty and visitor serving commercial as well as professional office development shall also be encouraged. The design and placement of structures shall provide an inward focus emphasizing pedestrian activities. The development of strip center, highway-oriented and other high intensity development including but not limited to drive-through restaurants, convenience markets, gas stations, car washes, auto parts or repair stores and other similar uses shall not be permitted. Any project related application shall be required to file a Master Development Plan and shall also comply with the "Mission San Luis Rey Development Program and Design Guidelines".
- B. The design and location of buildings, landscaping, signage, parking areas, walls, fences and other structures shall maximize protection to the surrounding residential areas.
- C. Access driveways shall be limited to provide necessary points of ingress and egress.
- D. Prior to development a landscaped screening wall will be constructed along the eastern side of Old Grove Road north of Scarlet Oak Drive along the open space areas within Williams Ranch Unit #1 and #2.

\*Addendum to Land Use Element Text, GPA-6-88 City Council Resolution No. 88-253 (11/2/88)

## SECTION 2.26. COMMERCIAL ENHANCEMENT

## Policies:

- A. The City shall encourage the establishment of specialized districts, centers and developments for unique commercial uses which contribute positively to the City's revenue and employment generating abilities and cultural enhancement.
- B. The City shall not permit the proliferation and/or overconcentration of commercial uses that generate adverse impacts to the social structure, visual quality, economy, public safety or well-being of the community.

# SECTION 2.27. COMMERCIAL DESIGN

- A. Commercial architecture shall emphasize establishing prominence and identity to businesses while presenting tasteful, dignified and visually appealing designs compatible with their surroundings.
- B. Landscape design shall incorporate areas for benches, trash receptacles, bicycle racks and other forms of street furniture where appropriate.
- C. Parking areas shall be designed to meet the following criteria:
  - 1) Parking spaces shall be provided in sufficient number to serve all proposed and probable uses within the development.
  - 2) Parking areas shall balance the number of spaces according to individual tenant requirements.
  - 3) Parking spaces shall be located within convenient walking distance to commercial structures.
  - 4) Access lanes shall be located so not to disrupt pedestrian movements nor traffic flow from parking area loading aisles.
  - 5) Compact parking spaces shall be well dispersed throughout the parking area.



- D. Trash disposal areas and loading/unloading facilities shall be screened from view and, whenever possible, separated from customer serving areas.
- E. All commercial developments shall be designed to insure that visual, noise, lighting, traffic and other negative impacts do not adversely affect surrounding residential areas.
- F. Where appropriate, walkways, arcades, concourses, malls, plazas, courtyards, and other pedestrian-oriented design features shall be provided to encourage pedestrian movement within the development and to adjacent developments.
- G. The phasing of commercial projects shall be permitted to allow initial development and expansion in response to demographic and economic changes. Site designs shall illustrate the ultimate development of the property and/or demonstrate their ability to coordinate and integrate with surrounding commercial properties.
- H. The City shall not approve any phasing plan which allows a development or use which is inconsistent with the site's land use designation.

# ARTICLE 2.3 RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

## Objective:

To direct and encourage the proper type, location, timing, and design of housing to benefit the community consistent with the enhancement and establishment of neighborhoods and a well balanced and organized City.

## SECTION 2.31. RESIDENTIAL DESIGNATIONS

## Policy:

# A. The City's residential lands shall be designated as follows:

POTENTIAL RANGE OF
DESIGNATION TITLE

DWELLING UNITS PER GROSS ACRE \*

	BASE ** DENSITY	MAXIMUM ** POTENTIAL DENSITY
Estate A	0.5	0.9
Estate B	1.0	3.5
Single Family Detached	3.6	5.9
Medium Density A	6.0	9.9
Medium Density B	10.0	15.0
Medium Density C	15.1	20.9
High Density	21.0	28.9
Urban High Density	29.0	43.0

<sup>\*</sup>Explanation of developable and non-developable lands:

Density ranges of residential designation do not imply minimum and maximum residential densities that can be uniformly applied to any particular site.

Physical characteristics of a site along with a site's relationship to external factors can modify a site's density. A careful examination of City policy should be made to clarify developable lands and undevelopable lands within a particular site.

## \*\*Explanation of residential density ranges:

Densities between the base density and maximum potential density within each residential density range represent density potentials that could be obtained on developable portions of a site.

#### SECTION 2.32. POTENTIAL RANGE OF RESIDENTIAL DENSITIES

- A. The base density shall be considered the appropriate density for development within each residential land use designation.
- B. Residential projects which possess an excellence of design features shall be granted the ability to achieve densities above the base density. Project characteristics which exceed standards established by City policy and those established by existing or approved developments in the surrounding area will be favorably considered in the review of acceptable density within the range. Such characteristics include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1) Infrastructure improvements beyond what is necessary to serve the project and its population.
  - 2) Lot standards (i.e. lot area, width, depth, etc.) which exceed the minimum standards established by City policy.
  - 3) Development standards (i.e. parking, setbacks, lot coverage, etc.) which exceed the standards established by City policy.
  - 4) Superior architectural design and materials.
  - 5) Superior landscape/hardscape design and materials.
  - 6) Superior recreation facilities or other amenities.
  - 7) Superior private and/or semi-private open space areas.
  - 8) Floor areas which exceed the norm established by existing or approved development in the surrounding area.
  - 9) Consolidation of existing legal lots to provide unified site design.
  - 10) Initiation of residential development in areas where nonconforming commercial or industrial uses are still predominant.



- 11) Participation in the City's Redevelopment, Housing or Historical Preservation programs.
- 12) Innovative design and/or construction methods which further the goals of the General Plan.

The effectiveness of such design features and characteristics in contributing to the overall quality of a project shall be used to establish the density above base density. No one factor shall be considered sufficient to permit a project to achieve the maximum potential density of a residential land use designation.

C. Residential projects with densities below the base density shall be considered to be consistent with the land use designation.

SECTION 2.33. RESIDENTIAL UNIT TYPES CONSISTENT WITH RESIDENTIAL DESIGNATIONS

- A. The Residential Land Use designations shall reflect residential unit (or building) types of a residential development, not simply the overall number of dwelling units per acre.
- B. Certain existing residential developments contain large open space areas which result in densities below the base density of their land use designations. Therefore, it shall be recognized that the land use designation reflects the density of the developed sections of these projects and that open space areas shall be preserved as such.
- C. Within developments which provide open space areas, the density of the minimum lot area shall not exceed the maximum allowable density within its land use designation (i.e. the minimum lot area shall not be less than that which would otherwise have been permitted if open spaces were not provided).
- D. To assure residential land use designations accurately reflect residential unit types, residential unit types shall be allowed in the various residential land designations according to the following "Residential Unit Type/Residential Land Use Designation Consistency Matrix".

# RESIDENTIAL UNIT TYPE/RESIDENTIAL LAND USE DESIGNATION CONSISTENCY MATRIX

# RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT TYPES

## RESIDENTIAL LAND USE DESIGNATION

	e-Fami ached	ly		e-Family ached	Z	Multi-Dv Unit St		
SU-C	SU-V	SU-M	TU-C	TU-V	MP	MUS	<u>GO</u>	
X								AGRICULTURAL (NON-RESIDENTIAL)
X								ESTATE A (.59 DU/AC)
X								ESTATE B (1-3.5 DU/AC)
X								S-F DETACHED (3.6-5.9 DU/AC)
	X	X	Х	Х	х			MED. DENSITY A (6-9.9 DU/AC)
					Х	X		MED. DENSITY B (10-15 DU/AC)
						X		MED. DENSITY C (15.1-20.9 DU/AC)
						X		HIGH DENSITY (21-28.9 DU/AC)
						X		URBAN HIGH DENSITY (29-43 DU/AC)
							X	CIVIC INSTITUTIONAL (NON-RESI- DENTIAL)
							X	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONAL (NON-RESIDENTIAL)

SU-C = Single Unit-Conventional SU-V = Single Unit-Variable

SU-M = Single Unit-Manufactured TU-C = Two Unit-Conventional

TU-V = Two Unit-Variable

MP = Multi-Plex

MUS = Multiple Unit Structure(s)

GQ = Group Quarters

SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED	SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED	MULTI-DWELLING UNIT STRUCTURES
SU-C	TU-C	MUS
SU-V	TU-V	GQ
SU-M	MP	

NOTE: Any reference to residential housing types or residential land use designations in this Land Use Element is not intended to preclude mobile home parks in any residential land use designation as authorized by State law; provided that, appropriate provisions shall be incorporated into the Zoning Ordinance to require a Conditional Use Permit for any proposed mobile home park.

Two Unit - Variable (TU-V) - A structure consisting of two dwelling units attached by a common wall. Each unit is constructed on a legally subdivided lot and attached to its companion unit on the common property line. Development and lot standards are established by City policy and a Development Plan or Master Development Plan and properties generally hold an interest in common areas and facilities.

Multi-plex (MP) - A structure consisting of three or more dwelling units attached by common walls. Each unit is constructed on a legally subdivided lot and attached to one or more companion units on a common property line or lines. Development and lot standards are established by City policy and a Development Plan or Master Development Plan and properties generally hold interest in common areas and facilities.

## MULTIPLE FAMILY DWELLINGS

Multiple Unit Structures (MUS) - A structure or group of structures containing two or more dwelling units on a single property. Subdivision of the property may exist to permit ownership of air space in the form of a dwelling unit with an undivided share in common elements. The property may also be divided for the purpose of ownership in the form of a stock cooperative.

Group Quarters (GQ) - A structure or group of structures containing three (3) or more units rented or leased or held out for rent or lease for the purpose of human occupancy in excess of thirty (30) consecutive calendar days. Such units provide only sleeping and bathroom facilities and are served by centralized dining and kitchen facilities.

SECTION 2.35. DWELLING UNIT/LAND USE CONSISTENCY THROUGH DENSITY REDUCTION

### Policies:

- A. A residential project may be developed using the residential unit type(s) allowed within the next lower residential land use designation provided:
  - The density of the project or that portion of the project is within the permitted range consistent with the proposed unit type as determined by the Residential Unit Type/Residential Land Use Designation Consistency Matrix.
  - 2) The project is consistent with the objectives of the General Plan and other City policies.
  - 3) The project does not interfere with the efficient and proper provision of City services.
- B. The appropriate density of such residential projects shall be determined by the criteria established by Policy 2.32 of this element.
- C. The City shall, in its annual review of the General Plan, redesignate the sites of such residential projects to the appropriate land use designation.

# ARTICLE 2.4 INSTITUTIONAL

# Objective:

To provide for and protect areas within the City for both private and public institutional type uses.

# Policies:

A. Developments with this designation are characterized by spacious and extensively landscaped settings stressing retention and enhancement of natural features. A strong emphasis is also placed on excellent architectural quality and compatibility.

B. Developments within this designation are also distinguished by a general inward orientation creating a community of complementary uses. To support this, ancillary commercial and short-term housing and lodging such as hotels, dormitories and guest homes may be permitted when clearly oriented to serve the population of the development.

### SECTION 2.41. CIVIC INSTITUTIONAL

## Policy:

A. This designation provides for public and quasi-public uses and facilities. These include, but are not limited to, public schools, colleges and universities; facilities for public services and utilities, community centers and other government buildings.

# SECTION 2.42. PRIVATE INSTITUTIONAL

# Policy:

- A. This designation provides for private uses and facilities which by their nature are situated in campus or park-like settings. These include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - Religious institutions providing places of worship, religious study, instruction or retreats; traditional arts and crafts and related activities.
  - Private schools, colleges and universities providing education and instruction in professional, vocational, technical and academic fields.
  - Cemeteries and memorial parks which may include mortuaries, mausoleums and other ancillary structures.
  - 4) Private recreation areas and facilities where activities are conducted primarily out-of-doors and require large open areas. These include but are not limited to golf courses, recreation and country clubs, camp grounds, amphitheaters, equestrian activities, recreation, entertainment and theme parks.

5) Institutions associated with the medical and surgical arts such as hospitals, sanitariums and hospices.

# ARTICLE 2.5 AGRICULTURAL

# Objective:

To identify, conserve and enhance Oceanside's agricultural areas.

## Policies:

- A. Agricultural areas are characterized by their primary function which is to farm, graze or conduct animal husbandry. Agricultural areas typically involve contiguous tracts of agricultural land uses with only a very minor intrusion of non-agricultural land uses. These non-agricultural land uses are only of the type and size to service the special needs of the agricultural area.
- B. Residential development shall be permitted provided such development does not interfere with existing agricultural operations and that the open space character of the area is preserved. Appropriate minimum lot areas shall be determined by the area's topography, adjacent land uses and the availability of public services and utilities; however, under no circumstances shall lot areas be less than two and one-half (2 1/2) acres. Lot configurations and dimensions shall provide areas of sufficient size to conduct limited, low-intensity agricultural activities such as orchards, gardens and the keeping of livestock.
- C. The City shall, in all proposed actions converting agricultural lands to other land uses, consider the loss of those lands to the potential agricultural productivity to the community; and shall assure that land use compatibility to agricultural lands is fully defined and assured.
- D. Land use compatibility is of primary importance to agricultural areas; since land use conflicts between agricultural and non-agricultural uses can force the economic nonviability of agricultural areas.

# Implementation Program:

 The City shall map all agricultural lands within Oceanside and identify their potential agricultural productivity.

# ARTICLE 2.6 OPEN SPACE

# Objective:

To identify and preserve a variety of lands that, due to their topography, use, natural resources, values and/or limitations, are best left in an open or natural state.

## Policies:

- A. Public parks, flood channels, public and private outdoor recreation facilities, water recharge areas and water bodies shall be designated as open space.
- B. The City shall require open space designation on lands set aside for significant permanent protection and enhancement through the utilization of planned common open space in proposed land development.
- C. Lands considered undevelopable within a proposed land development or use shall be offered for designation as open space as a condition of approval of the proposed land development or use.
- C. The City shall encourage the preservation of contiguous natural open space which provides wildlife habitat.
- D. The City shall cooperate with local, state and federal agencies in the management of natural resources.

# Implementation Program:

 The City shall keep a record of private open space areas as identified in existing and approved development projects. These open space areas shall be designated on the land use map annually.

# ARTICLE 2.7 COMMUNITY FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

# Objective:

To provide a consistent level of quality and affordable public services and facilities and to effectively manage development to ensure that a consistent service level is continued.

# Policy:

- A. Capital improvement impact fees shall be collected at the time a building permit is issued and should consist of four components:
  - A fee based on share of City-wide capital improvement expansion and replacement needs represented by the proposed development.
  - 2) A fee to cover additional construction and replacement of capital improvements directly serving the proposed development.
  - 3) Fees must be adequate to cover the full cost of non-citywide facilities serving the development (neighborhood parks, fire and paramedic facilities), including a reserve for replacement costs.
  - 4) In addition, fees must cover new construction and replacement of City-wide facilities.

# Implementation Program:

1. A Community Facilities Element shall be prepared to establish the framework and fee system to ensure the timely delivery of necessary and desirable capital improvements and services.

### SECTION 2.71. CIRCULATION

# Objective:

To provide for a circulation system which incorporates all modes of transportation for the safe and efficient movement of people and goods within and through the City of Oceanside.

# Policies:

- A. The Circulation Element shall identify and analyze the overall transportation needs of the City of Oceanside.
- B. The Circulation Element shall:
  - Contain descriptions of the proposed circulation system;
  - 2) Establish the various interrelationships in the circulation system;
  - Discuss implementation plans for the circulation system; and,
  - 4) Identify standards and criteria for the location, need, operation and administration of our circulation facilities.
- C. The use of traffic reversions, and design circulation patterns on local streets shall be explored to mitigate inappropriate through traffic through neighborhoods.

# SECTION 2.711. MASTER STREET PLAN

#### Objective:

To provide a balanced circulation system to serve the growing transportation demands within and through our community.

# Policies:

A. The Master Street Plan, amended to include updated information with additional analysis of mass transit, aviation, nautical and non-motorized transportation will constitute the Circulation Element of the City of Oceanside.

- B. The Master Street Plan shall establish a network of streets/arterials throughout the City capable of receiving traffic from existing and future collector and local streets.
- C. The City shall approve and build streets as per City of Oceanside Engineering Manual Specifications.
- D. The City may require additional right-of-way width and additional improvements of major arterials where required for turning movements or to provide access to adjacent properties whenever access is not feasible from a lower classification street system.

# E. The City shall:

- 1) Require development to provide collector and local street improvements according to standards of the City Engineering Department.
- 2) Require development to dedicate necessary rightof-way when subdivision or development of property adjacent to or straddling streets is proposed and adopted by the Master Street Plan.
- 3) Require development to provide all necessary grading, installation of curbs, gutters and parkway tree planting, unless these improvements are provided through other means.
- 4) Require development to provide a minimum of half street improvements plus twelve (12) feet of pavement in accordance with City standards.
- 5) Should development be within an area subject to a Major Thoroughfare Fee provision established by the City Council the City shall require the following:
  - a) Payment of the Major Thoroughfare Fee as required by Ordinance No. 80-30 and the latest City Council resolution setting such fee; or

- b) Obtain reimbursement of the required fee as the development installs the necessary improvements, and the City's construction cost estimate of the improvements are greater than the required fee. Should the improvements be less than the required fee, the developer shall pay the difference to the City of the required fee and the City's cost of the improvement.
- 6) The development will install all sidewalks and curbs as required in their permanent location to provide for maximum design development.
- F. If the location and traffic generation of a proposed development would result in congestion on major streets (less than Service Level C stable traffic flow) or promote safety hazards, the proposed development should in that case be required to make the necessary off-site improvements (subject to reimbursement from impact fees to be collected) or the development should be deferred until financing for the improvements is assured.

# Implementation Program:

1. The City shall prepare an updated Circulation Element during Fiscal year 1986-87.

#### SECTION 2.712. NON-MOTORIZED TRANSPORTATION

# Objective:

To enhance environmental and social benefits for the citizens of Oceanside by provision of an integrated system of Bicycle and Pedestrian Networks with associated facilities for the safe and efficient movement of people in and through the City of Oceanside.

# SECTION 2.7121. BICYCLE FACILITIES

# Objective:

To provide an integrated Bicycle Circulation System and Bicycle Facilities to promote the environmental and social benefits of commuter and recreational bicycling. The Bicycle Circulation System and Bicycle Facilities shall provide mobility and safety to all persons and areas within the City of Oceanside.

# Policies:

- A. Development shall provide Class II Bikeways (Bike Lanes) on all secondary, major, and prime arterials.
- B. Collector streets which function as links for the Bicycle Circulation System shall require Class II Bikeways (Bike Lanes). In such cases the City shall reduce hazards to cyclists on collector streets by eliminating on-street parking.
- C. The City shall provide connection and continuation of the Pacific Coastal Corridor and the San Diego-Anza Borrego Corridor Bicycle Facilities as identified in the Regional Transportation Plan of San Diego County.
- D. The use of land shall integrate the Bicycle Circulation System with auto, pedestrian, and transit systems:
  - Development shall provide short-term bicycle parking and long-term bicycle storage facilities such as bicycle racks, pedestal posts, and rental bicycle lockers.
  - 2) Development shall provide safe and convenient bicycle access to high activity land uses, such as schools, parks, shopping, employment, and entertainment centers.
- E. The City shall continue seeking funds at the private, local and federal levels for bicycle circulation system expansion.

#### SECTION 2.7122. PEDESTRIAN

## Objectives:

- 1. Provide for safe pedestrian circulation throughout the City, including sidewalks, pedestrian access to the beach, pedestrian malls and hiking trails.
- 2. Provide access for the handicapped and elderly population to assure them safety and mobility.

# Policies:

- A. The construction of five (5) foot wide sidewalks adjacent to the curb shall be required in all new developments and street improvements.
- B. The City shall protect pedestrian access to the public beach by maintaining easements and causing the construction of stairways and "walk-throughs" where appropriate.
- C. The City shall encourage the inclusion of greenbelts and common open space for pedestrian use in residential development.
- D. The City shall in accordance with State law, provide access for the handicapped and elderly to all public buildings by the removal of architectural barriers.
- E. The City shall assure public access to the Beach/Strand with the dedication of public right-of-way easements, construction of stairways, and acquisition of land for park development.

## SECTION 2.713. PUBLIC TRANSIT

#### Objective:

To provide adequate bus service, light rail transit and support facilities to satisfy the needs of the community and region.

#### SECTION 2.7131. TRANSIT SYSTEM

- A. The City shall coordinate and encourage the existing bus system to serve newly developed areas.
- B. The City shall investigate the responsibilities of development in providing necessary on-site and off-site bus system improvements including bus shelters within new commercial, residential, and industrial developments.
- C. The City shall cooperate with relevant entities and agencies in the development of regional public transportation systems and facilities.

D. The City shall encourage the development of light rail transit corridors in the City, North County and the region as a whole.

#### SECTION 2.7132. RAILROAD

# Objective:

To improve and modernize railroad facilities within Oceanside and the region.

# Policy:

A. The City shall encourage the use of the railroad rightof-way for landscaping, parking facilities, recreation areas and similar uses.

### SECTION 2.72. UTILITIES

## Objective:

To assure the long-term efficient economic and aesthetic provision of public utilities to the City and its residents and businesses.

# SECTION 2.721. UTILITY CORRIDORS

### Objective:

To provide sufficient buffering from utility corridors and surrounding land uses to protect the public safety and welfare and ensure the long term use of utility corridors.

#### Policies:

A. The City shall require sufficient screening, fencing, noise attenuation, landscaping, open space setbacks or other permanent mitigation or buffering measures between utility corridors and adjacent and surrounding land uses. The employed measures shall be of sufficient scope to minimize to the maximum extent possible negative impacts to adjacent surrounding land uses from the particular utility corridor.

- B. The City shall encourage the coordination combination of multiple utilities into one unified corridor or corridor network. By consolidating utility corridors negative impacts associated with utility corridors can be more effectively and efficiently mitigated; overall corridor maintenance costs are decrease, less land is used in corridor right-of-ways and the citizens of Oceanside will have a clearer understanding of the importance and scope of a utility corridor network.
- C. The City shall restrict any development, improvement and/or use of a utility corridor to assure the long-term low cost maintenance of the utility or utility corridor.
- D. Pipelines transporting crude oil or natural gas from local off-shore drilling operations shall not be permitted within public rights-of-way or other utility corridors.

#### SECTION 2.722. WATER SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION

- A. The City of Oceanside, which buys water from the San Diego County Water Authority, is responsible for storage facilities and distribution system.
- B. Water supply and distribution facilities shall be funded by assessment districts except in older portions of the City that already have service.
- C. New development in unserved areas shall be approved only where an assessment district is formed that will provide storage facilities and distribution system prior to occupancy.
- D. The water supply and distribution system shall be designed for logical service unit area to allow for development of the services unit area at the intensity proposed by the General Plan.
- E. Should assessments be expanded to include new properties, the property owners of the original assessment shall be appropriately reimbursed for any resulting overassessments.

- F. If the site of a proposed development does not meet these standards, a decision among the following alternatives should be made:
  - 1) Approval based on plans to improve the water system using revenues from City-wide connection fees and user charges. This would be appropriate in some infill locations.
  - 2) Approval upon payment of fees by the developer adequate to cover the development's share of needed improvements.
  - 3) Deferral of approval until a plan for financing water service can be prepared and approved.
  - 4) Deferral of approval until the supply of developable land with water service is reduced or extension of service to nearby land makes further extension logical.

## SECTION 2.7221. FINANCING PRINCIPLES

## Policies:

- A. Where no assessment districts exist and water is not currently provided, development will be approved only upon formation of a district to finance water storage and distribution.
- B. Where a single purpose assessment district exists or existing districts provide for only a portion of the need, development will be approved only upon the formation of an overlay district to provide the missing services.

#### SECTION 2.723. SEWAGE COLLECTION AND TREATMENT

- A. All new housing in the City of Oceanside shall pay a "per-unit" sewer connection charge.
- B. The system should be designed for a logical service unit to allow for full development of the service area at the intensity proposed by the General Plan.

- C. When facilities are built that benefit property not assessed, provisions should be made for reimbursement of owners of property assessed from later assessments of the property benefited.
- D. If the site of a proposed development does not meet these standards, a decision among the following alternatives should be made:
  - 1) Approval based on plans to improve the sewer system using revenues from City-wide connection fees and user charges. This would be appropriate in some infill locations.
  - 2) Approval upon payment of fees by the developer adequate to cover the development's share of needed improvements.
  - 3) Deferral of approval until a plan for financing sewer service can be prepared and approved.
  - 4) Deferral of approval until the supply of developable land with sewer service is reduced or extension of service to nearby land makes further extension logical.

# SECTION 2.724. MAJOR DRAINAGE

- A. The Master Drainage Plan will set standards for City-wide drainage.
- B. Each assessment district (or tract in an infill area) should provide drainage improvements within its boundaries adequate to handle runoff when the drainage basin is fully developed to the intensity proposed by the General Plan.

#### SECTION 2.7241. FINANCING PRINCIPLES

#### Policies:

- A. Acreage fees levied City-wide or by drainage basin to finance off-site improvements and to reimburse assessment districts or individuals required to build more than their proportional share of improvements.
- B. Drainage charges should be based on the amount of runoff and evaluation of the responsibility for the problem combined with the benefits received.
  - 1) Upstream development should bear a portion of the cost, even though it would not be subject to flooding if the drainage system were not built.
  - 2) Downstream property owners who would not be able to develop without the basin-wide system would pay a larger share.

#### SECTION 2.725. ENERGY

## Objective:

To assure the City and its citizens are appropriately served sufficient energy in the long-term.

- A. The City shall encourage the design, installation, and use of passive and active solar collection systems.
- B. The City shall encourage the use of energy efficient design, structures, materials, and equipment in all land developments or uses.
- C. The City shall encourage the use of long-term lower cost energy sources.
- D. The City shall require the undergrounding of energy transmission lines and distribution systems to new land developments or uses.

## SECTION 2.726. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

## Objective:

To provide for the efficient and aesthetic functioning of communication systems within the City.

## Policies:

- A. The City shall encourage planning for the future communication system needs of individual land developments or uses and the city in general.
- B. Communication facilities shall be required to conform visually with surrounding land uses and/or natural features.

# Communication systems shall be:

C. The City shall require the consolidation and joint-use of communication facilities and structures whenever possible.

#### SECTION 2.73. PUBLIC EDUCATION FACILITIES

## Objective:

To provide facilities which serve the educational and informational needs of the community.

# SECTION 2.731. SCHOOLS

## Objective:

To plan for and provide a consistent level of quality education facilities concurrent with community needs in cooperation with the appropriate local school districts.

- A. The City shall consider the effect of residential development on the existing and design capacity of all affected educational facilities as defined by the appropriate school district.
- B. The City shall provide assistance, if requested, to the appropriate local school district for the maintenance of an acceptable ratio between school enrollment and facility capacity.

# Implementation Program:

The City shall prepare a Community Facilities Element of the General Plan which shall define the policies and information programs to provide for school facilities for Oceanside's residents.

SECTION 2.732. LIBRARIES

# Objective:

The objective of the Oceanside Public Library is to make available and accessible to all people of the City books and other materials which will assist and encourage them to:

- Continually educate themselves
- Keep pace with progress in all fields
- Become better citizens
- Become more capable in their daily occupations
- Develop their creative and spiritual capacities
- Appreciate and enjoy works of art and literature
- Make such use of leisure time as will promote personal and social well-being
- Contribute to the growth of knowledge

## Implementation Program:

The City shall prepare a Community Facilities Element to the General Plan which shall define policies and implementation programs to provide for the present and projected library needs for Oceanside's residents.

#### SECTION 2.74. PUBLIC RECREATION FACILITIES

# Objective:

To enhance the well-being of City residents by providing opportunities for relaxation, rest, activity, and education through a well balanced system of private and public park and recreational facilities distributed to serve the entire community.

- A. Enrich the quality of life for all citizens of Oceanside while providing constructive and creative leisure opportunities.
- B. Provide recreational experience and programs that contribute to the total health of the individual while meeting the desires of the community as a whole.
- C. Provide adequate parkland acreage in both location and size to meet the recreation needs of existing and future residents and to preserve natural resources within the City.
- D. Develop park sites to provide diverse recreational facilities to meet the active and passive recreational needs of Oceanside residents.
- E. Provide for the optimum functional and aesthetic integration of all recreational, environmental, cultural and social elements into Oceanside parks.
- F. Improve and modernize Oceanside parks to overcome both design deficiencies and any deterioration of existing facilities.
- G. Distribute future park sites to equitably serve a greater number of Oceanside residents while reducing annual maintenance and operation costs.
- H. Maintain the presence of parklands and open space as a fundamental element to conserve and enhance the natural environment thereby improving the quality and liveability of the City of Oceanside.
- I. Emphasize trail linkage opportunities between community, County, and State open space systems and recreation facilities and throughout those private developments where deemed both suitable and appropriate.
- J. Foster cooperative use of existing land resources and recreational facilities between other public and quasipublic agencies.
- K. Operate and maintain Oceanside park and recreation facilities through programs that are designed for the most effective use and enhancement of the park site at the least cost possible.

L. Define basic objectives, financing and alternative/nontraditional means for timely and balanced development of park and recreation facilities in Oceanside.

# Implementation Program:

1. The City shall prepare an updated Community Facilities Element in fiscal year 1986-87, which along with the City's updated Master Parks and Recreation Plan shall define specific policies and detailed implementation programs to provide for Public Recreation Facilities for Oceanside's residents.

## CHAPTER THREE

## NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

## Goal:

Continual evaluation of the state of the environment and formulation of a program of planned management, wise utilization and preservation of natural resources to ensure the health, safety and welfare of present and future generations.

# Policy:

A. Natural resource management shall be a workable program to conserve natural resources and preserve significant open space.

# ARTICLE 3.0 EVALUATING THE STATE OF THE ENVIRONMENT

# Objective:

To research and prepare a natural resource management system. This data base along with other information shall be used by the City, citizens and developers to assist in the identification, management or preservation of natural resources.

- A. The City shall utilize the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as amended to assure that potential impacts to the environment are properly evaluated.
- B. The City, through the procedures established by both the State of California's CEQA Guidelines and the City of Oceanside's Local CEQA Guidelines, shall identify, evaluate, and mitigate significant impacts to the environment.
- C. The City shall assure the proper evaluation through the environmental review process of sensitive and potentially valuable wildlife habitats. Such habitats include, but are not limited to:
  - 1) Wetland Habitats such as
    - a) Coastal Marshes
    - b) Fresh Water Marshes
    - c) All Riparian, Oak or Willow Woodlands
    - d) San Luis Rey River Area
    - e) Loma Alta Creek Area
    - f) Buena Vista Creek Area
    - g) Buena Vista Lagoon Area
    - h) Guajome Lake Area

- 2) Sensitive Habitats or Vegetation Associations such as:
  - a) Coastal Sage Scrub Vegetation
  - b) Heavy Clay Soils within Coastal Sage Scrub Vegetation
  - c) Maritime Desert Scrub Vegetation
  - d) Cliffs and Banks above the San Luis Rey River
  - e) Natural drainage areas
- D. The City shall recognize the importance of sensitive or potentially valuable wildlife habitats and support efforts to preserve these resources.
- E. The City shall develop a natural resource management data base until the natural resource management data base system is prepared, resource sensitivity analysis shall be required of projects which pose an impact on the City's natural resources. Resource sensitivity analysis shall be consistent with goals, objectives and policy of natural resource management.

# Implementation Programs:

- The City shall develop a natural resource management data base and other information which the City, citizens, and potential developers can utilize to assist in the identification, management or preservation of natural resources.
- 2. The City's natural resource management data base system shall include information and programs to:

#### Water:

- a) Reduce water consumption on a per capita basis,
- b) Minimize pollution of water bodies including lakes, lagoon, rivers, streams, creeks and ground water,
- c) Minimize potential loss of life and property in flood areas, and
- d) Dedicate land in flood prone areas to open space.

# Soil Erosion and Drainage:

- e) Mitigate soil and landform erosion,
- f) Plan and engineer land for erosion control, and
- g) Work with State, Federal and local agencies to resolve beach erosion.

#### Biotic:

h) Conserve and enhance vegetation and wildlife habitats, especially areas of rare and endangered or threatened species.

# Air Quality:

i) Improve air quality in cooperation with county, state and federal agencies.

#### Cultural Resources:

j) Encourage the conservation and protection of significant cultural or scientific resources for future scientific, historic and educational purposes.

#### Scenic Resources:

k) Encourage the preservation of significant visual open spaces.

# ARTICLE 3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

# SECTION 3.11 VEGETATION AND WILDLIFE HABITATS

## Objective:

Recognition and preservation of significant areas with regard to vegetation and wildlife habitats.

# Policies:

A. A biological survey report, including a field survey, shall be required for a proposed project site if the site is largely or totally in a natural state or if high interest species of plants or animals have been found on nearby properties.

- B. Where appropriate, the City shall apply open space land use designations and open space zoning to areas of significant scenic, ecological or recreational value.
- C. In areas where vegetation or wildlife habitat modification is inevitable, mitigation and/or compensatory measures such as native plant restoration, land reclamation, habitat replacement or land interest donation will be considered.
- D. Areas containing unique vegetation or wildlife habitats shall receive a high priority for preservation.
- E. Specific plans shall be developed in conjunction with regional and county agencies where appropriate, for areas where there is occurrence of endangered or threatened species.

## SECTION 3.12. FLOODPLAIN

# Policies:

- A. Construction is prohibited within the floodway and restricted in the floodplain by requiring flood-proofing measures for all structures.
- B. The City shall require property owners with land adjacent to the floodway to make reasonable channel improvements concurrent with development of their land or to contribute to a fund for future improvement of the length of the channel by the City.
- C. The entire length of Loma Alta Creek will be channelized due to the intensity of land use in the area. Improvements shall be based on containing 100-year flood flows.

## SECTION 3.13. EROSION AND SILTATION CONTROLS

## Objective:

To preserve the Buena Vista Lagoon's critical habitats by a comprehensive program of erosion and siltation control.

# Policy:

A. The City shall continue to participate in the Buena Vista Lagoon Joint Powers Committee and to implement recommendations made by the Committee.

## SECTION 3.14. GRADING AND EXCAVATIONS

## Objective:

To provide mitigation recommendations for grading and excavations in the City of Oceanside.

- A. Investigation and evaluation of currently affected areas will indicate the measures to be included, such as the following measures:
  - 1) Keep grading to a minimum, leave vegetation and soils undisturbed wherever possible.
  - 2) Plant bare slopes and cleared areas with appropriate vegetation immediately after grading.
  - 3) Chemically treat soils to increase stability and resistance to erosion.
  - 4) Install retaining structures where appropriate.
  - 5) Construct drainage systems to direct and control rate of surface runoff.
  - 6) Construct silt traps and settling basins in drainage systems.
  - 7) Construct weirs and check dams on streams.

SECTION 3.15. SOILS GROUP 1: La Jolla Group, Linda Vista Foundation, Quaternary Alluvium, and Beach Dune Sands

# Policy:

- A. The City shall recommend appropriate drainage structures for groundwater and surface water in Soils Group 1, such as:
  - 1) Diverting surface water away from cut and fill slopes.
  - 2) Providing silt traps and setting basins downslope of grading and construction.
  - 3) Requiring drainage of groundwater from Claystone beds.
  - 4) Alluvium may require shoring during excavation due to high groundwater levels, and drainage systems.
  - 5) Beach sand excavations also require shoring.
- SECTION 3.16. SOILS GROUP 2: Igneous and Metamorphic Rocks and Residual Soils

- A. The City shall recommend against mass grading in Soils Group 2 (generally hard rock formations) due to difficulty and cost.
  - 1) Granitic deposition is associated with springs. Groundwater drainage is recommended for weathered slopes.
  - 2) Deeply weathered soils are unstable in steep slopes geologic investigations.
  - 3) Engineering geologists, soil foundation engineers should consult investigations at individual development sites prior to excavation.
- B. The City of Oceanside shall follow the grading ordinance as to enforcement of mitigation measures within the City of Oceanside.

## SECTION 3.17. COASTAL PRESERVATION

# Policies:

- A. The City shall attempt to preserve shoreline beach area as a valuable recreational asset and visitor inducement.
- B. The City shall continue with periodic replenishment of beach sand by the Federal government until permanent beach sand management systems are decided on and implemented.

# SECTION 3.18. AIR QUALITY

# Policy:

A. The City shall cooperate with the San Diego County Air Pollution Control Board, and participate in the Regional Air Quality Control Strategy (RAQS).

# SECTION 3.19 AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

#### Policies:

- A. The City shall apply agricultural land use designations and zoning classifications to areas of significant productive agricultural use.
- B. Extension of City services to agricultural areas will be limited.
- C. The City shall encourage participation of agricultural property owners in Williamson Act contracts.

# ARTICLE 3.2 CULTURAL RESOURCES

- A. The City shall encourage open space land use designations and open space zoning or open space easements for the preservation of cultural resources.
- B. The City shall encourage the acquisition, restoration and/or maintenance of significant cultural resources by private organizations.

- C. Cultural resources that must remain in situ to preserve their significance shall be preserved intact and interpretive signage and protection shall be provided by project developers.
- D. An archaeological survey report shall be prepared by a SOPA (Society of Professional Archaeologists) certified archaeologist for a project proposed for grading or development if any of the following conditions are met:
  - The site is completely or largely in a natural state;
  - 2) There are recorded sites on nearby properties;
  - 3) The project site is near or overlooks a water body (creek, stream, lake, freshwater lagoon);
  - 4) The project site includes large boulders and/or oak trees; or
  - 5) The project site is located within a half-mile of Mission San Luis Rey.
- E. The presence of agriculture on a potential project site shall not preclude the requirement for an archaeological survey report if any of the above listed conditions are established.

## SECTION 3.21. SCENIC OPEN AREAS

## Policy:

A. The City shall encourage the preservation of significant visual open areas.

#### SECTION 3.22. WATER

## Policy:

A. The City shall strive to completely reclaim waste water for re-use.

# SECTION 3.23. PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES

# Objective:

Recovery, retention and evaluation of paleontological resources.

# Policy:

A. Paleontological survey reports shall be prepared by a qualified paleontologist approved by the City for all proposed projects that are located in the area designated as having a high potential for fossils on the City's natural resource management data base system.

# ARTICLE 3.3 MINING

# Objective:

To provide for the conservation and development of mineral deposits of local and regional significance and to allow the environmentally sensitive extraction of said deposits while minimizing land use conflicts.

## SECTION 3.31. MINERAL RESOURCE AREAS

## Policy:

- A. Mining operations shall be restricted to the following areas which contain mineral deposits determined to be of regional significance by the State Mining and Geology Board pursuant to the California Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975 and those found to be essential to the economic well being of the City (see diagram 3.31).
- B. Mineral Resource Areas shall remain in effect until the resource has been depleted or no longer exists in sufficient quantity or quality to be of benefit to the City and/or the region.
- C. The City shall not approve, extend or amend any permit for mining operations that are not located within designated mineral resource areas.

## SECTION 3.311. SAN LUIS REY RIVER BASIN

## Policy:

- A. The channel and flood-plain of the San Luis Rey River, beginning in the area of the Douglas Drive Bridge and extending upstream to the City limits, contains deposits of construction quality sand which may be extracted provided:
  - 1) Mining operations do not intrude into nor endanger environmentally sensitive habitats or planned habitats.
  - 2) The flow of sand to the Pacific Ocean is not significantly disrupted and that impacts to the City's beaches are appropriately mitigated.
  - 3) Mining operations do not conflict with the San Luis Rey River Flood Control Project and terminate prior to its construction.
  - 4) Sand extracted is used as construction material or for beach replenishment and not for landfill purposes.
  - 5) Mining operations shall be limited to specified time periods not exceeding five (5) years.

# SECTION 3.312 SOUTH COAST ASPHALT ROCK QUARRY

## Policy:

A. The South Coast Asphalt Rock Quarry located southwest of Highway 78 contains deposits of granitic rock which shall be permitted to continue mining operations until expiration of its permit in 1992.

## SECTION 3.313 CRYSTAL SILICA

# Policies:

A. The mining area of the Crystal Silica Company located northeast of the El Camino Real/Oceanside Boulevard intersection contains deposits of silica sand which shall be permitted to be mined under the provision of its permits and the Rancho del Oro Specific Plan and Development Agreement.

## SECTION 3.32. LAND USE COMPATIBILITY

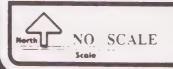
- A. When considering development proposals within urbanized sections of Mineral Resource Areas, the City shall balance the potential loss of the mineral deposit against the value of the development and consider the importance of the deposit to the regional market and not just its local significance.
- B. Lands within Mineral Resource Areas designed agricultural or for open space shall be limited to those land uses which are compatible with mining operations or those which do not require high investment in structures, landcaping or other improvements and thereby precluding mining operations due to the higher economic value of the land and its improvements.
- C. Mining operations shall mitigate all adverse impacts to surrounding properties and to public infrastructure improvements.
- D. Mining operations shall apply all appropriate measures necessary to avoid soil instability, flooding or erosion hazards to life and property.
- E. The City shall not approve, extend or amend permits for mining operations within established residential areas or within areas where residential projects have been approved.
- F. Proposed developments within or adjacent to Mineral Resource Areas shall provide adequate buffering, building placement and phasing plans to assure compatibility with existing mining operations.
- G. Development within or adjacent to Mineral Resource Areas shall not be permitted if found to significantly interfere with the future or continued extraction of the resource.

#### SECTION 3.33. RECLAMATION

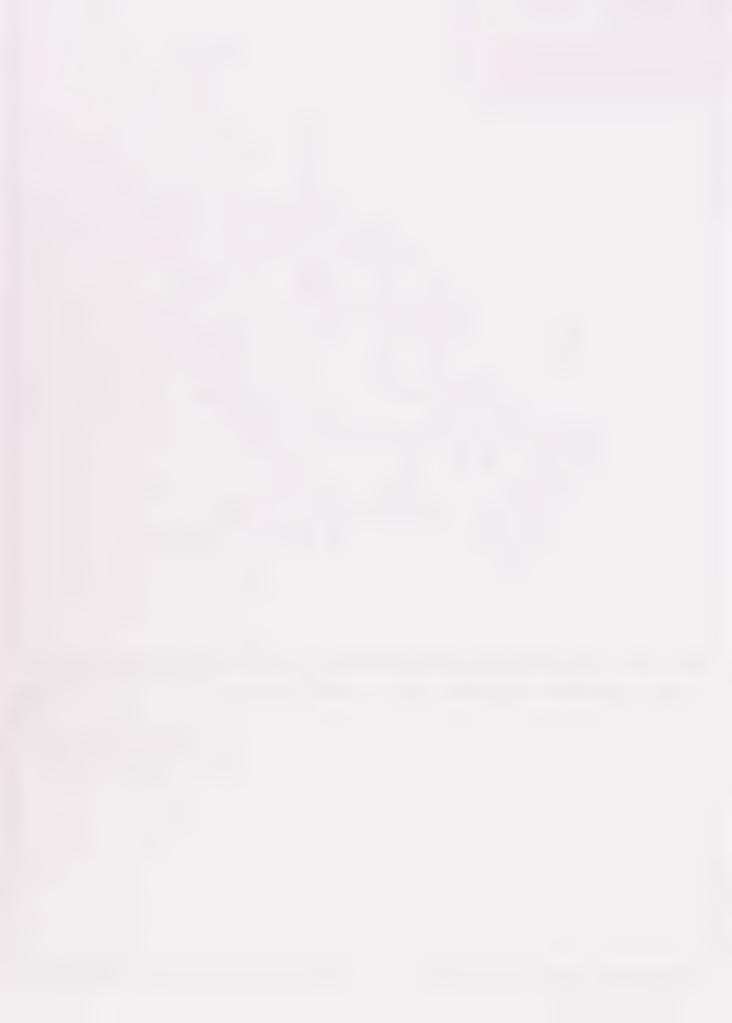
- A. All mining operations shall provide reclamation plans to minimize water degradation, damage to aquatic or wildlife habitat, flooding, erosion and other adverse effects incidental to mining and/or processing activity.
- B. Reclamation plans shall insure that all mined lands are reclaimed to a usable condition which is readily adopt-ble to alternate land uses consistent with their land use designation and create no danger to public health or safety.
- C. Reclamation plans shall provide for the restoration of mined lands to establish landforms and vegetation consistent with the surrounding area.



DIAGRAM 1.13 1 of 2



Community Plan Areas



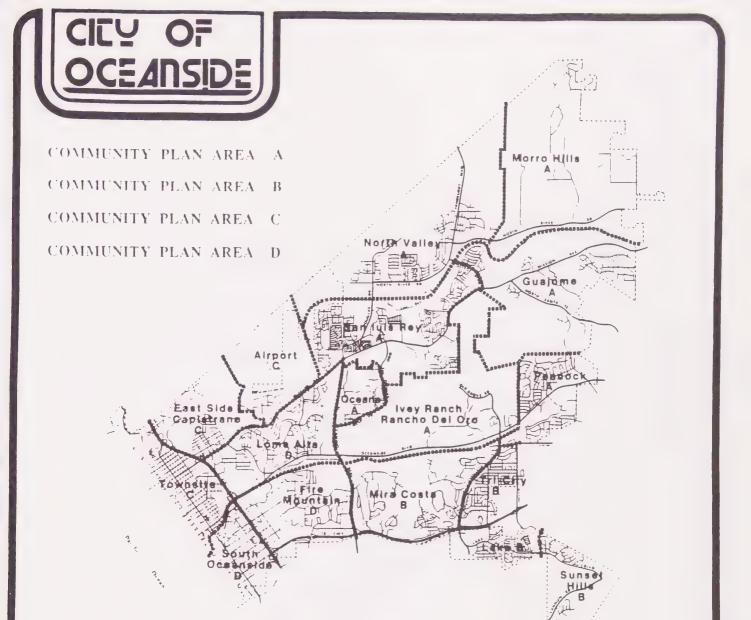
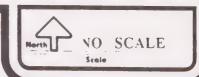
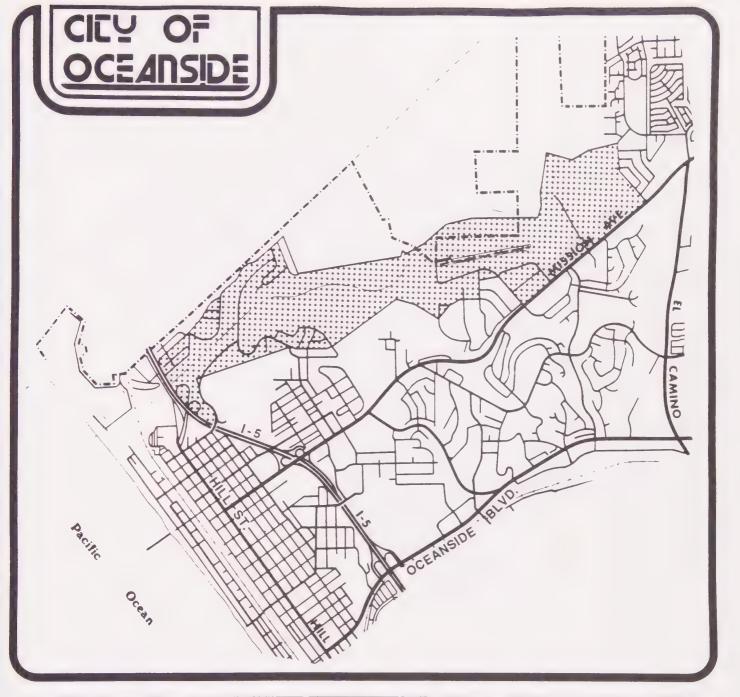


DIAGRAM 1.13 2 of 2



Neighborhood Areas
within
Community Plan Areas



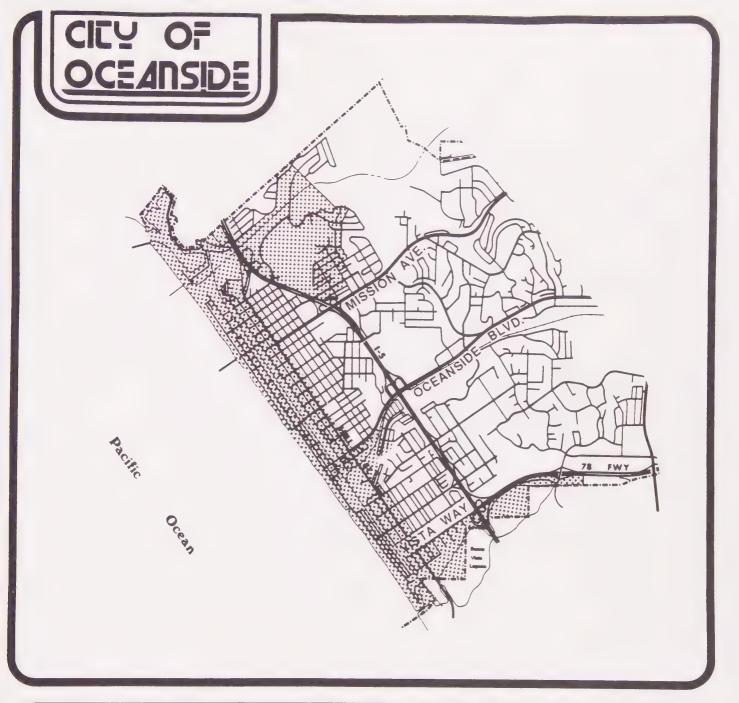


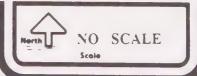


SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Airport Influence Area

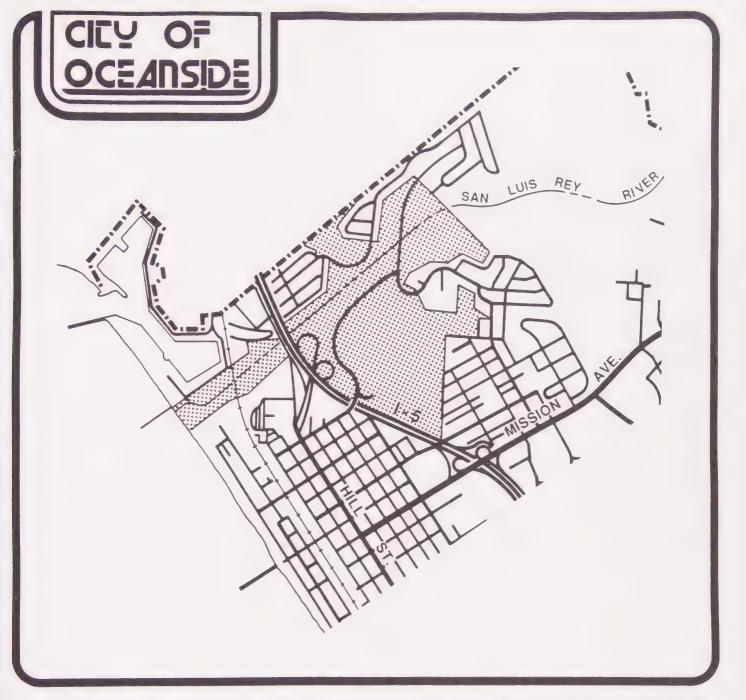


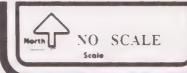




COASTAL ZONE:

Local Coastal Program (LCP) Boundary

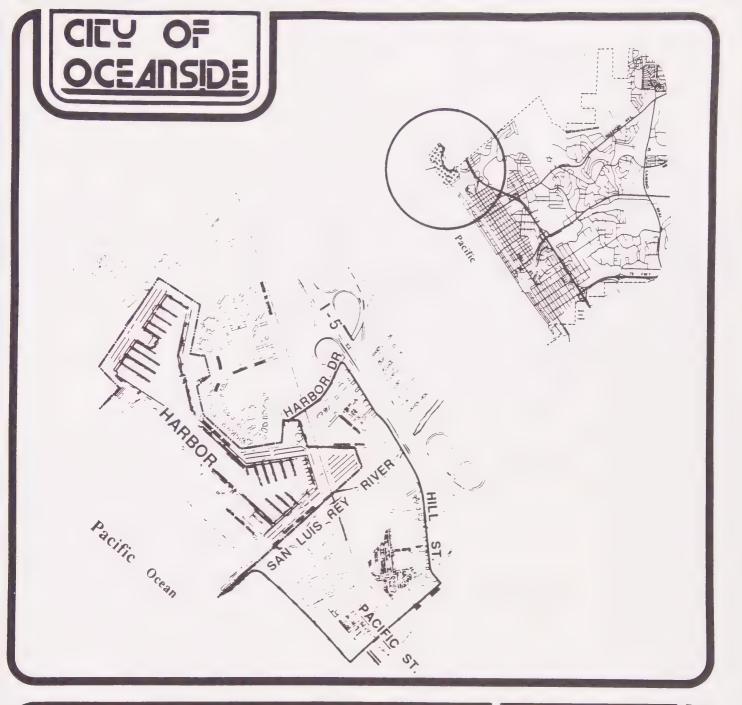


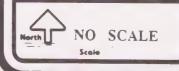


SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Coastal Zone San Luis Rey River Specific Plan Boundary Map







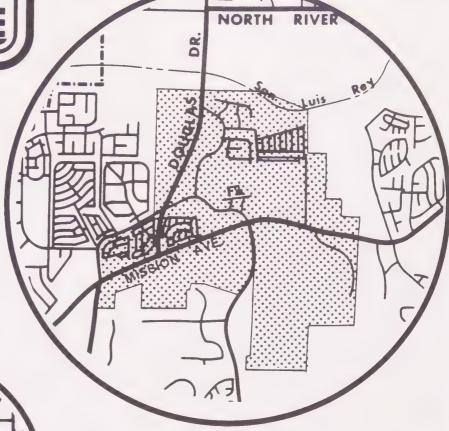
# SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Oceanside Small Craft Harbor Precise Plan





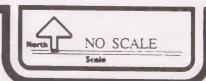
Mission San Luis Rey Historic District





Oceanview Memorial Cemetery

DIAGRAM 1.33



SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Historic Areas and Sites



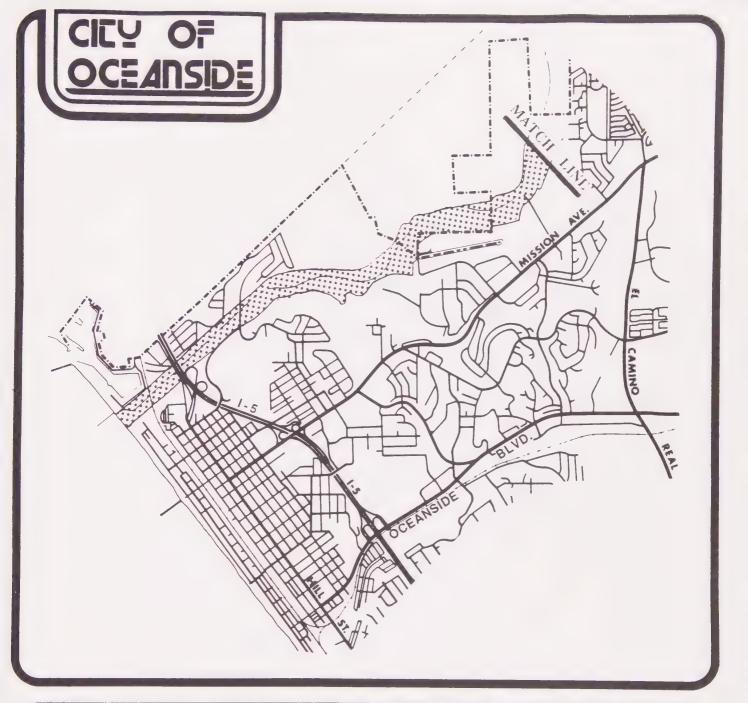
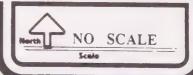


DIAGRAM 1.34 1 of 2



SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Specific Plan for the San Luis Rey River Flood Control Project



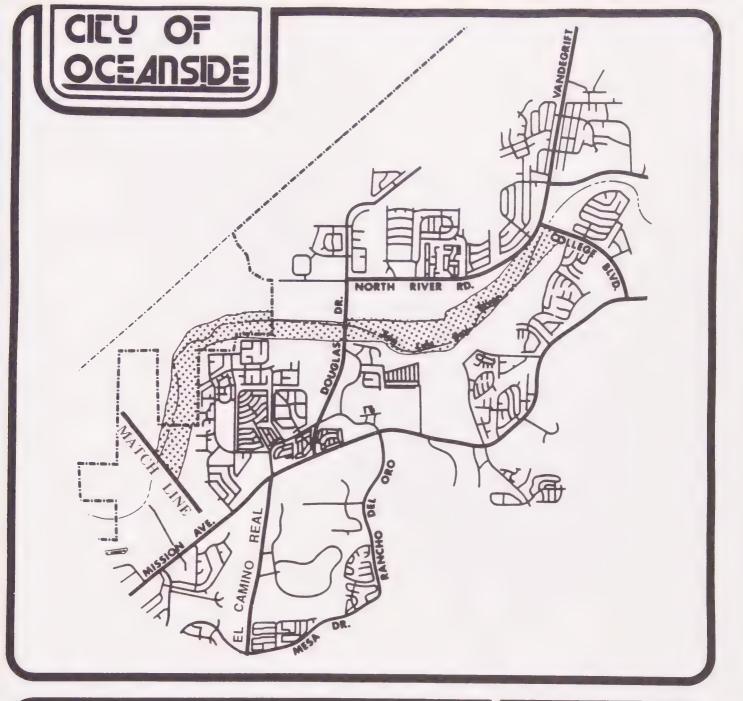
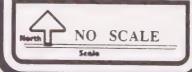
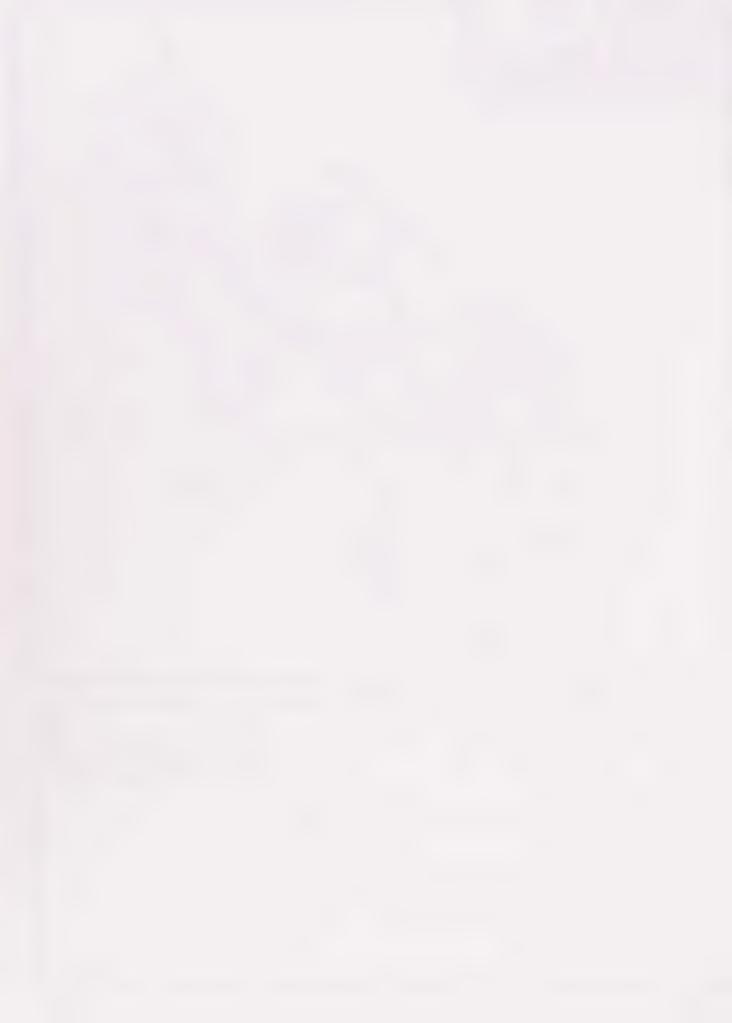


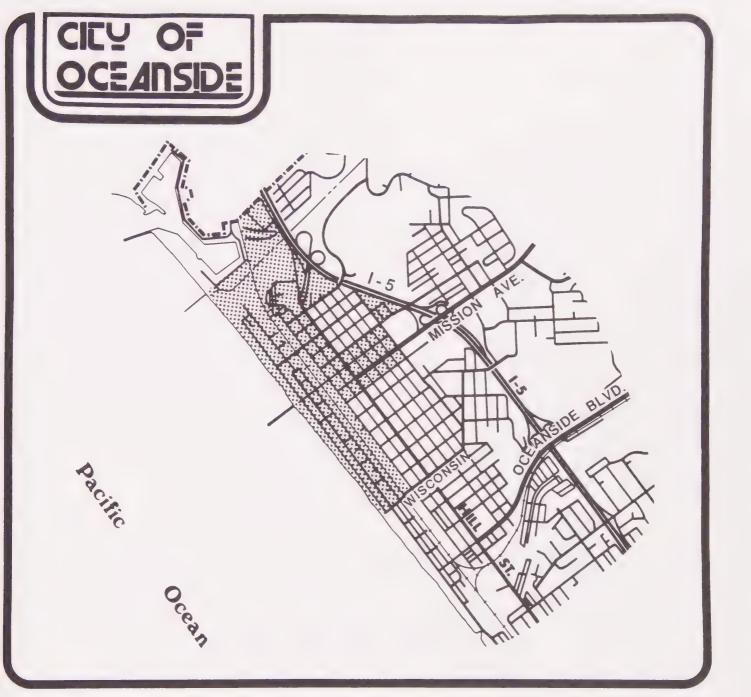
DIAGRAM 1.34 2 of 2

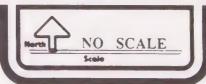


SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Specific Plan for the San Luis Rey River Flood Control Project







SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Redevelopment Project Area



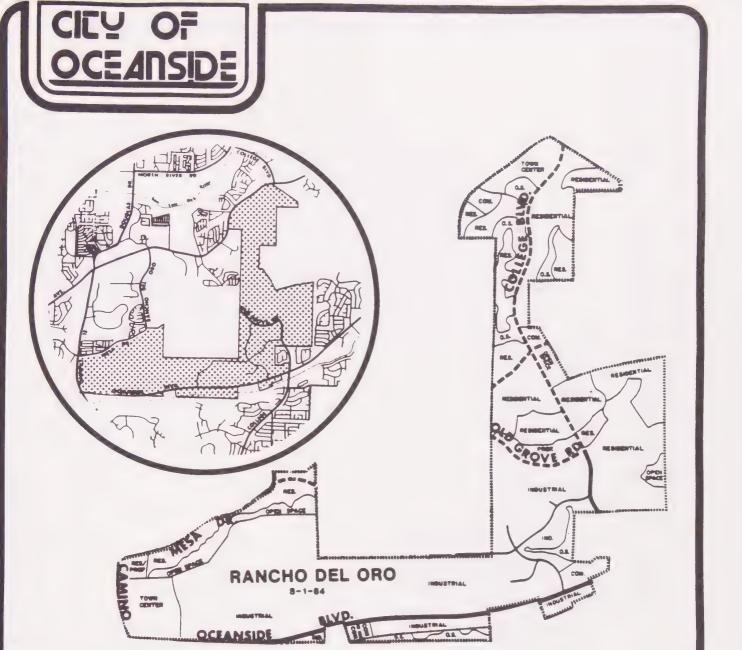
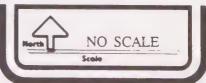


DIAGRAM 1.361 1 of 3



SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

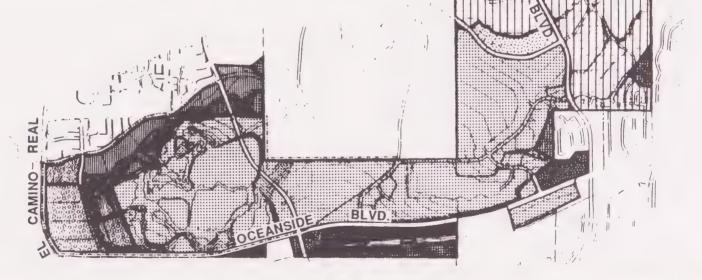
Rancho Del Oro Specific Plan (Residential Density Transfer)



#### **DIAGRAM 1.361 2 of 3**

#### LEGEND

GYWEARK	LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL PROFESSIONAL	504.6 148.8 16.8	ACRES
(0000000000000000000000000000000000000	DENERAL COMMERCIAL OFFICE / PROFESSIONAL TOWN CENTER	48.8 29.9 142.5	
	CONT INDUSTRIAL	777.4 84.0	
	DPEN SPACE NATURAL RESOURCE OVERLAY	196.5	_
	TOTAL	1951.0	ACRES



RANCHO DEL ORO Existing General Plan

General Plan Map as Valid in 1985



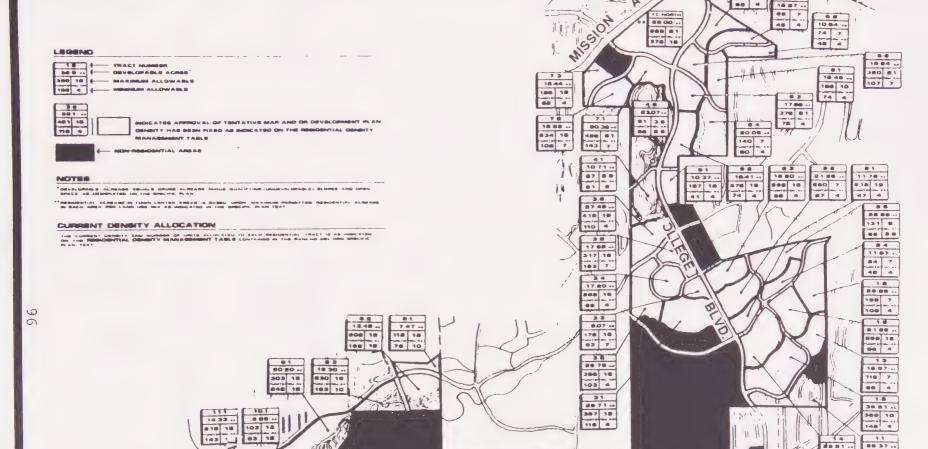


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RANCHO DEL ORO Density Management Map

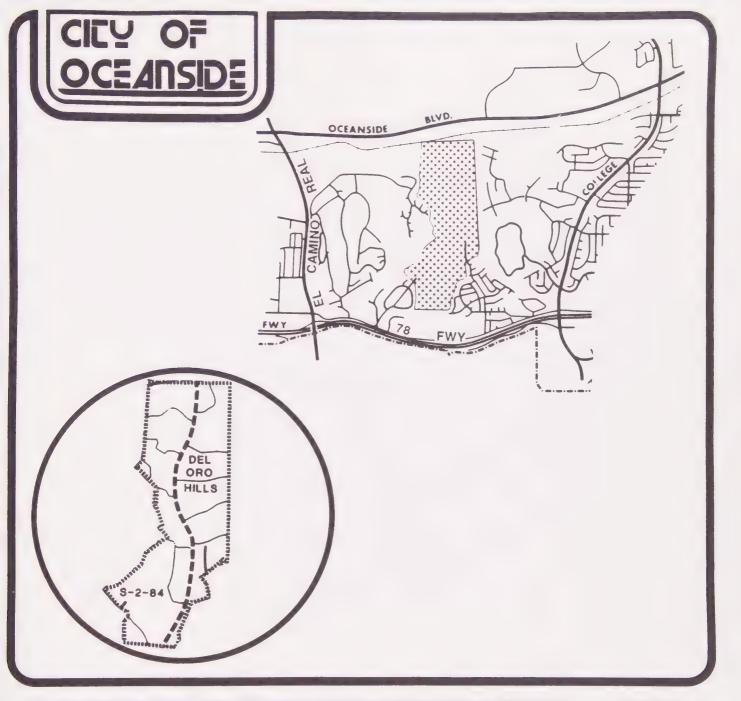
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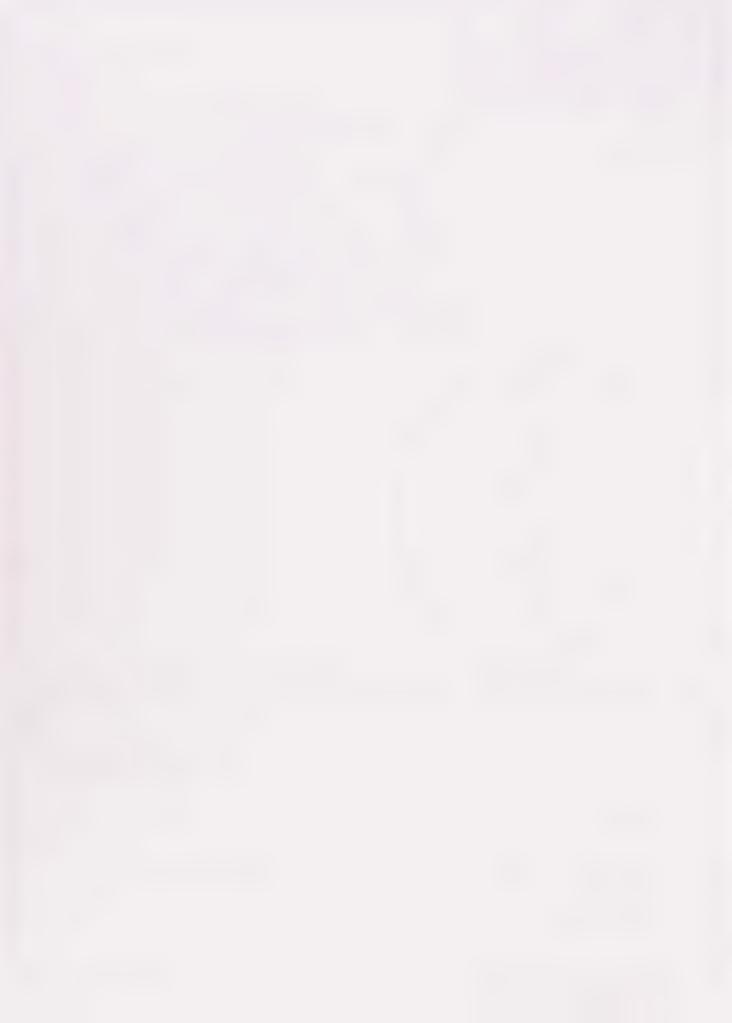


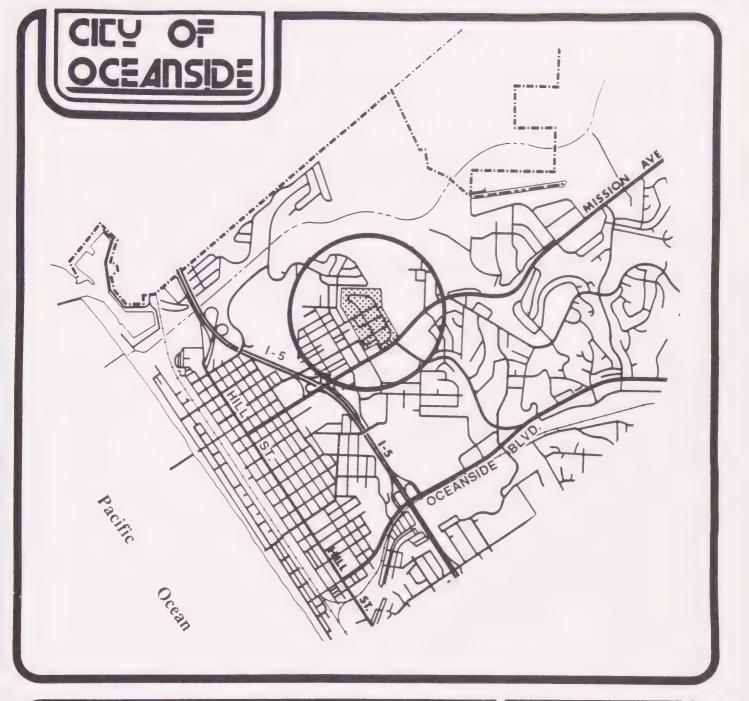


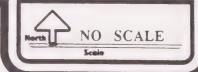


# SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Del Oro Hills Specific Plan (Residential Density Transfer)



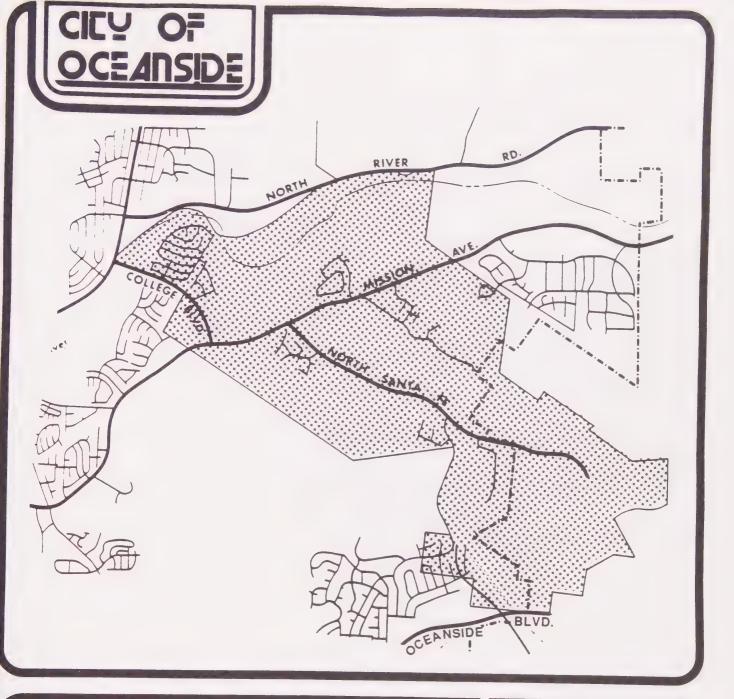


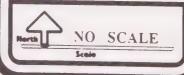


# SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Sterling Specific Plan (Residential Density Transfer)







SPECIAL MANAGEMENT AREA:

Guajome Regional Park Sphere of Influence



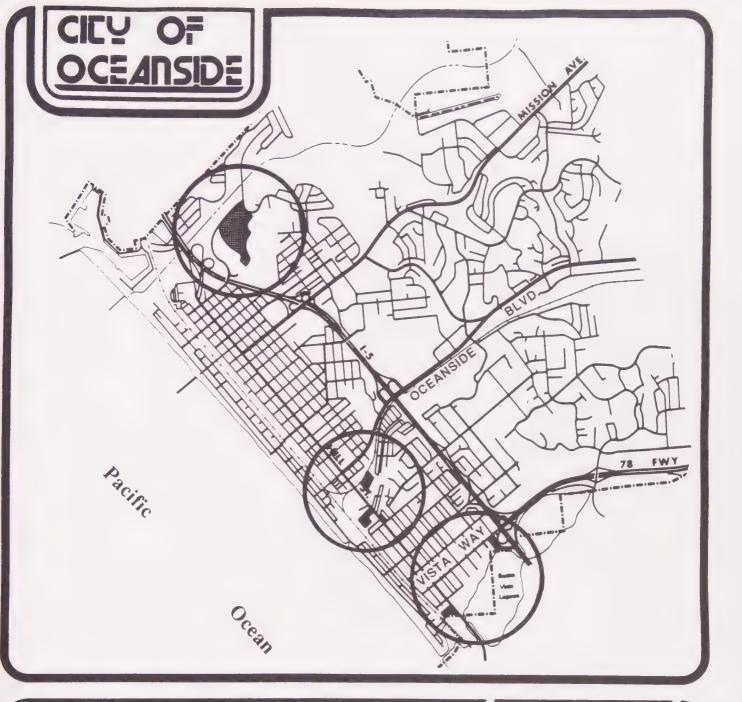
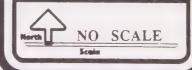
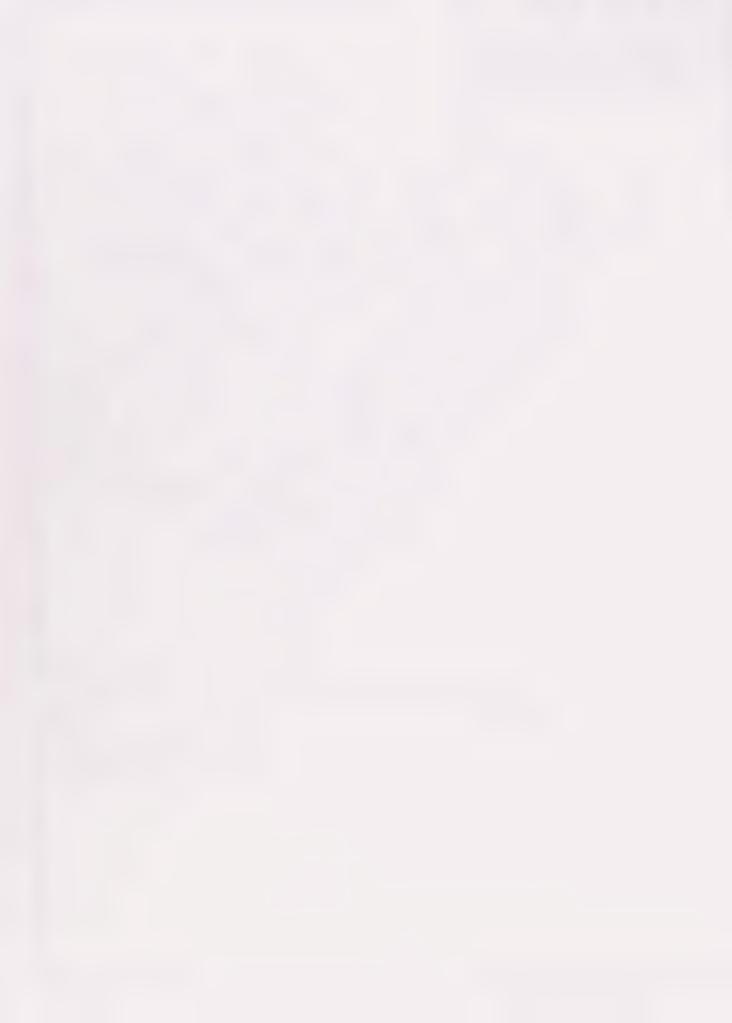


DIAGRAM 2.241



SPECIAL COMMERCIAL AREA:

Coastal Zone



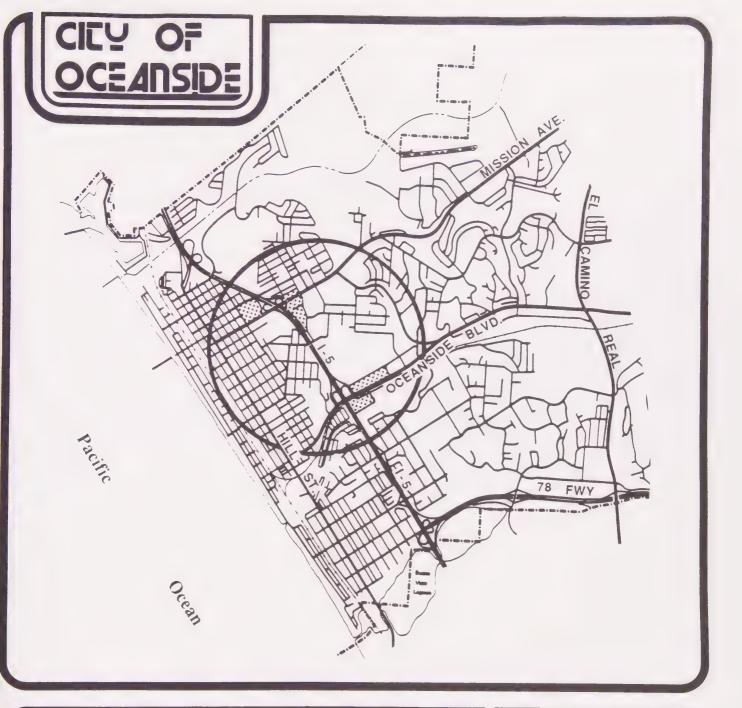


DIAGRAM 2.242 1 of 2



SPECIAL COMMERCIAL:

Interstate 5 and Expressway 76 Corridor



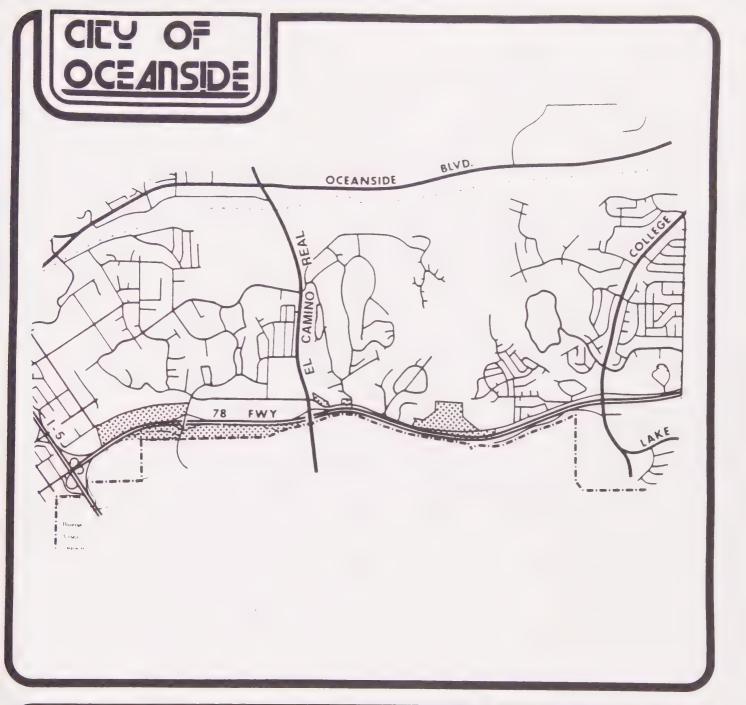


DIAGRAM 2.242 2 of 2



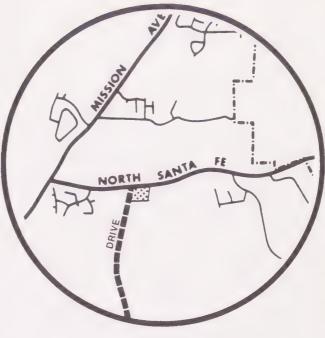
SPECIAL COMMERCIAL:

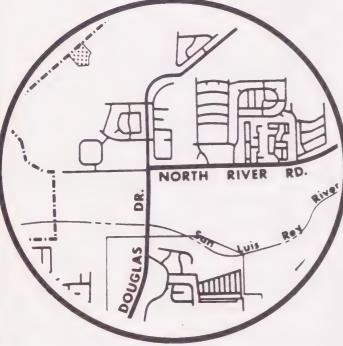
State Highway 78 and Frontage Property



# CITY OF OCEANSIDE

Mission Santa Fe / Guajome Regional Park





Whelan Ranch / Golf Course

DIAGRAM 2.243



SPECIAL COMMERCIAL:

Scenic and Recreational



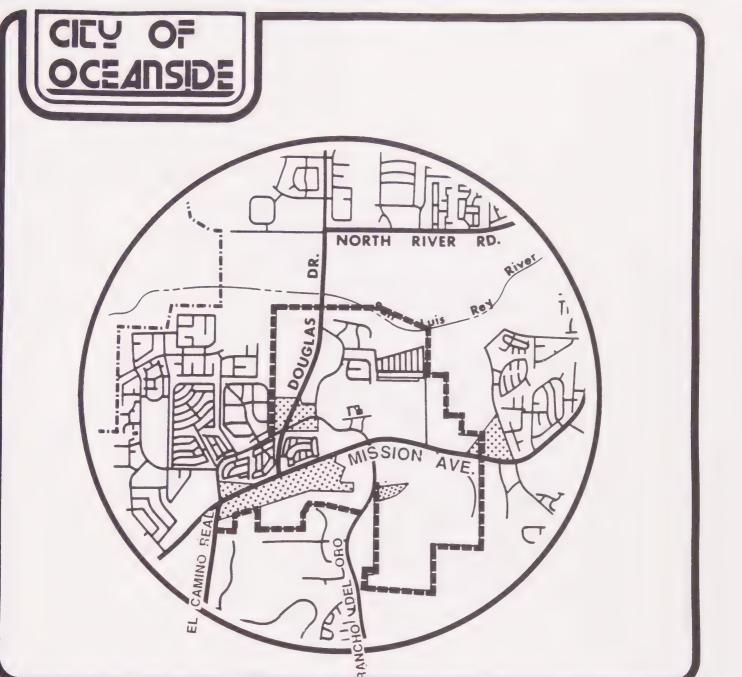


DIAGRAM 2.244



SPECIAL COMMERCIAL:

Mission San Luis Rey Historic Area





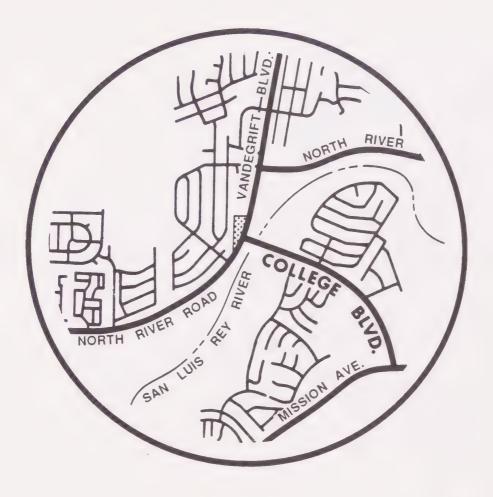


DIAGRAM 2.245



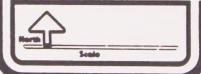
SPECIAL COMMERCIAL:

College Boulevard and Vandegrift Boulevard

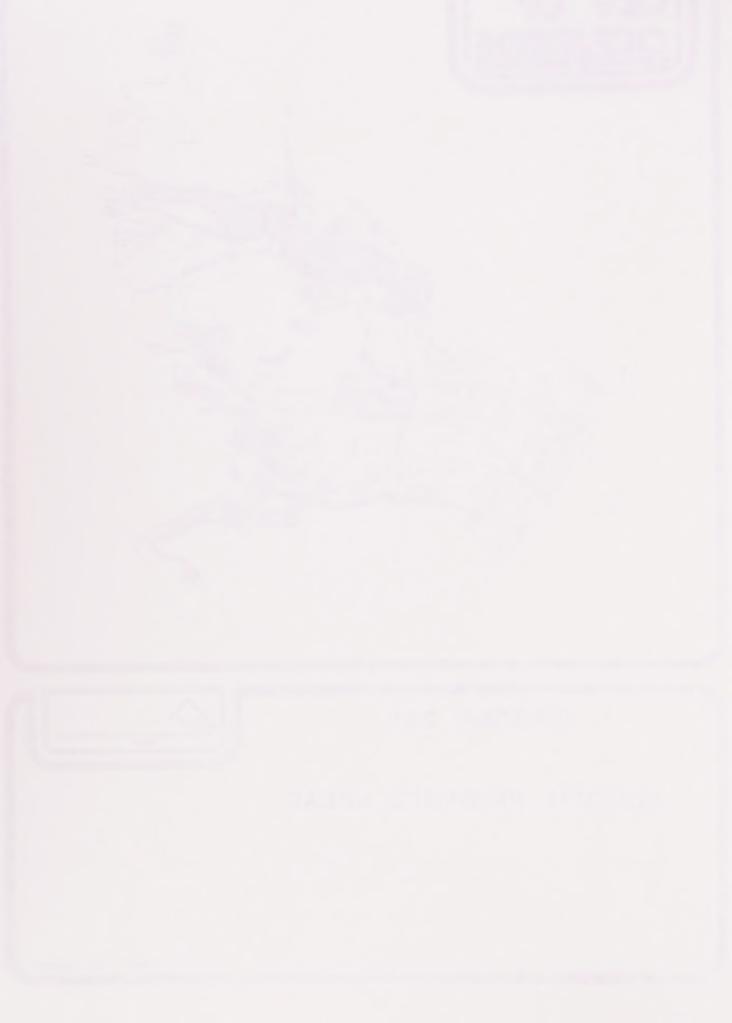




DIAGRAM 3.31



MINERAL RESOURCE AREAS



U.C. BERKELEY LIBRARIES

